THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXXVII. PITTSBURGH, SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1872. NUMBER 155.

...ST EDITION.

Midnight.

FOREIGN.

The Geneva Arbitration.

ENGLISH PRESS REJOICINGS.

Arbitrators Congratulated.

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

The Steamer Edgar Stuart.

SWITZERLAND.

THE GENEVA ARBITRATION.

NEW YORK, June 28.—A Geneva dispatch says that the meeting of the tribunal yesterday was the most important yet held in Geneva. It of course follows from the production of the English argument that England is now fully in court. It may be taken as equally necessary, in consequence, that the famous indirect claims, if not distinctly withdrawn, are so far neutralized by the agreement of either side, that they are practically out of court. The exact point of this solution is that each of the arbitrators shall give a written opinion on the indirect claims, which will thus be formally shut out. A later dispatch says that the judgment of the court on the indirect claims is not to be given in writing, but is given already. The tribunal has stated, in effect, that claims of the exact nature of those presented by the United States could not be admitted to competition as a subject for damages between two nations. The United States sustains the responsibility of bringing these claims before the court, and receiving judgment upon them. England gains the point of having them formally ruled out. The United States formally accepts this judgment as the valid and unimpeachable opinion of the Court, thereupon the British agents formally filed the English argument. Thus everything is made definitely and satisfactorily settled, and the arbitration goes on. Both sides are content with the result.

GENEVA, June 28.—The Board of Arbitration met to-day, when its final decision was put on record respecting the claims of the United States for indirect damages, and likewise the demand of Great Britain for a protracted adjournment of the tribunal.

The next sitting will take place on July 15th, by which time Lord Tenterden will be able to have the argument on the part of Great Britain put in a printed form.

Count Sclopis, President of the Board, today congratulated the arbitrators on the wisdom and perseverance displayed in their deliberations.

The brief official report of the proceedings of the Board furnished to the press reveals nothing which has not been anticipated by the full statements made yesterday evening in the British House of Parliament.

(Special to N. Y. World.)

GENEVA, June 28.—The tribunal, after making public the statement of the grounds for the rejection of the indirect claims, adjourned until the 15th of July. The whole credit of the settlement is due to Mr. Adams.

GREAT BRITAIN.

REJOICINGS OF THE ENGLISH PRESS.

LONDON, June 28.—The statement of Earl Granville and Gladstone in Parliament last night announcing the decision of the Geneva tribunal of arbitration on the indirect claims, forms the subject of leading editorial articles in all the morning journals.

The *Times* says that the decision of the tribunal is eminently satisfactory to all Englishmen. Americans ought to be grateful to the arbitrators who have proved themselves true benefactors both of England and America. The man who rescued America from discredit is Charles Francis Adams.

The *News* says the result of the indirect claims controversy is a great triumph for the firmness and patience of the British ministry. Society has now an example for the employment of peaceful tribunals, not to complete, but to supercede the work of the sword. The *News* also says Minister Schenck deserves credit for his course during the negotiations between the two Governments. Other morning papers likewise rejoice.

COTTON ON HAND.

LIVERPOOL, June 28.—Total stock of cotton on hand at this port, all kinds, by actual count, yesterday, 1,011,000 bales, against an estimated stock of 980,000, being an increase of 31,000 bales. Of this amount 339,000 are American, against an estimated stock of 334,000, an increase of 5,000; Brazilian 191,000, against an estimated stock of 194,000, a decrease of 3,000; East Indian 368,000, against an estimated stock of 345,000, an increase of 23,000; Smyrna 10,000, against an estimated stock of 10,000; Egyptian 19,000, against an estimated stock of 15,000, an increase of 4,000; West Indian 24,000, against an estimated stock of 22,000, an increase of 2,000.

MOVEMENTS OF THE ARBITRATORS.

LONDON, June 28.—Lord Tenterden and Sir Roundell Palmer left Geneva yesterday. Sir Alexander Cockburn, Count Sclopsi and Mr. Davis leave to-day, the latter going to Paris.

MEXICO.

AFTER BANDITS.

MATAMORAS, June 28.—About 300 cavalry, under Col. Tossoso, came in this morning from Camargo, in pursuit of bandits supposed to be under Portugal, who have committed depredations in this vicinity for some time past on account of the absence of the cavalry with Gen. Ceballo, who is still at Camargo, with his advance at Mier, to which place the telegraph is open.

CONFLICTING STATEMENTS.

The friends of the Government claim that Rocha is between Saltillo and Monterey, and that orders to advance from Camargo to co-operate with Rocha in a general attack on Monterey next week. The revolutionists claim that Rocha is not near Monterey; that Rosales surrendered at Saltillo to Trevino; that Quirroga is marching on Matamoras, that he has already defeated Ceballos' advance with considerable loss, indicating that Rocha is near Monterey, with 3,000 men; that Trevino and Guirna are intrenched in that city, and that Ceballos, with 2,000 men, holds the country north of Monterey, on which place he is preparing to advance.

WEST INDIES.

ILLNESS OF THE GOVERNOR OF HAVANA.

HAVANA, June 28.—Senor Zabalza, the new Governor of Havana, was taken ill yesterday with vomito.

THE INSURRECTION.

Telegrams from the Spanish commanders in the vicinity of Cayo Romano report that there is no indication that a landing has been, or will be affected by filibusters on that island.

Carlos Castillo, formerly Secretary of Quesado, has been taken prisoner. Unless he betrays his former companions and furnishes information to the Spanish commanders, he will be executed.

The insurgents in the neighborhood of Santiago de Cuba remain firm. None have surrendered.

The Spanish ridicule the report that a Cuban man-of-war is afloat, but Cubans pretend that they have positive information to that affect.

CENTRAL AMERICA.

THE EDGAR STUART.

ASPINWALL, June 21.—The misunderstanding between American Consul and local authorities in regard to the steamer Edgar Stuart is becoming serious. The Consul persists in retaining possession of the steamer, and has sent instructions to the commander of the United States man-of-war Wyoming to allow no interference with Her,

POLITICAL.

Virginia Conservative Convention.

RICHMOND, June 28.—At last evening's session of the Conservative Convention, resolutions were adopted expressing satisfaction at the movement of the Liberal Republicans at Cincinnati, and pledging the Convention to meet their courageous and patriotic proffer of cooperation or public delivery in the catholic and magnanimous spirit in which it is tendered; also, that the delegates appointed by this Convention to Baltimore should give a vigorous, persistent and united support to the Greeley-Brown ticket, nominated at Cincinnati, as holding forth the truest promise for allaying the passions of war and reviving real peace within our borders, restoring integrity to the public service, and establishing the States in their true and legitimate functions in the federal system, and rescuing the Republic from the despotism of the sword. There were but few dissenting votes to the adoption of the resolutions.

The Convention comprises a full representation from every county, aggregating about four hundred. The feeling was harmonious, and most friendly towards the Cincinnati movement and Greeley personally. The stage was decorated with flags of many nations.

The State Conservative Convention reassembled this afternoon and elected the following delegates at large to the Baltimore Convention: Thos. G. Bocock, John B. Baldwin, Judge Robt. Ould, ex-Gov. John L. Marye. Each Congressional district delegation nominated two delegates. All are regarded favorable to the Cincinnati nominees. The following electors at large were elected: Gen. James L. Kemper and Robt. White.

Evening Session.—The chairman announced the State Conservative Executive Committee. The convention ratified its action of yesterday, and pledged its individual support to Greeley and Brown in case of the failure of the Baltimore Convention to endorse them. Adjourned *sine die.*

Maine Republican Congressional Convention.

BANGOR, June 28.—The Fifth District Republican Congressional Convention met yesterday, and the Waldo county delegation, failing to obtain the nomination of a candidate from their county, both after which the balloting was proceeded with. Eugene Hale was renominated for Congress.

The opposition Republican Convention will meet at Belfast, on the 16th of July, to nominate an opposition ticket.

Grant and Wilson Club in Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 28.—A large and enthusiastic meeting was held here to-night, pursuant to a call of fourteen hundred and ninety electors of this city, to organize a Grant and Wilson campaign club. Dudley P. Phelps was chosen President of the club.

THE INDIANS.

Memorial to the President.

CHICAGO, June 28.—A report from Okamulgee, Indian Territory, says that the General Council adjourned on the 18th, after the adoption of the following memorial to the President:

To His Excellency, U. S. Grant, President of the United States.—Your memorialists, Cherokees, Choctaws, Muscogees, Shawnees, Sacs, Foxes, Senecas and other tribes owning lands in Indian Territory and represented in the General Council of the same, assembled in Okamulgee, June 18th, 1872, would most respectively show that the country known as the Indian Territory was set apart for permanent homes for the red people, where they may live in peace with each other, and with all men, by the act of Congress approved May 28th, 1830, and that their right and title to this country was perfected by treaties with us by acts of Congress and patents in fee simple from the United States in twelve treaties.

It is cited in the memorial that the Cherokees, Choctaws, Muskogees, Chickasaws, and Seminoles but a few years since lived east of the Mississippi river, from whence they were expelled by a superior force and in disregard of their earnest protests; that under the plea of necessity they were transferred to the country they now own, then a wilderness, under a solemn guarantee that here, at last, they might end their weary feet, rekindle their council fires, build anew their houses, open farms, school their children, worship God, and organize governments of their own, and that these privileges should be secured to them and to their children for all time to come, contingent only on their extinction or the voluntary abandonment of their domain. Relying upon such solemn guarantees, our people settled down in conscious security, and up to 1861 made rapid strides in the civilized arts, and the industry of half a century has transformed them from the half naked nomad to well clothed, well fed, intelligent men and women, with many of the comforts and some approach to the luxury and wealth of commercial nations. They were the undisputed owners of a vast domain, progressive, and highly hopeful of the future. But the civil war broke out and involved them, against their will, in its fearful vortex. During the conflict they were despoiled of everything save the soil beneath their feet. With sons and brothers slain, houses desolated, their herds of cattle driven off, and property destroyed, it is no wonder that they sank down in utter despair.

But the treaties negotiated between the United States Government and the Cherokees, Greeks, Choctaws, Chickasaws and Seminoles, guaranteeing to these nations the right of self-government, has rekindled their spirits and hopes, and they are on the road to prosperity. Good homes, cheerful schools and commodious churches are springing up; in many places farms are being opened or extended, and grains and fruits cultivated, and our herds and flocks are on the increase, and all are full equal to our fair prairies. Still, the truth most be told. Our progress is retarded by evil omens and dark forbodings of the future. The charters of certain railroads projected through the Indian Territory contain provisions for extensive land grants, contingent upon the extinction of the Indians. These grants contemplate spoliation to the Indians to the extent of some 20,000,000 acres of their best land; and they furnish an incentive to the wealthy men to combine in corporations to press upon Congress the perfecting of their titles to these lands. To this end the Oklahama, and other bills of similar purport, have been pressed upon Congress under the plea that the Indian stands in the way of advancing civilization.

We pray you, Mr. President, to interpose your authority and your humane will in our behalf. The amelioration and the salvation of the Indian race depend upon the security and progress of the Five Nations. Our destiny, with theirs, is one; we are doomed to stand or fall together. The spot we occupy is sacred to us as our home. We have receded before the approach of the white man until this is the last desirable spot we can occupy. We have spent long years of labor in improving it. It is consecrated to us by years of cruel suffering. We have raised the Indian to his present condition by the example of our industry, and what good we have achieved in reclaiming the wild tribes may be taken as an earnest of the greater good we shall still seek to accomplish. In time we may attain to such skill in commerce and mechanic arts that we may feel able to cope with our white brother. But to this condition we have not yet arrived. We do not ask for, but, on the contrary, we strongly protest against, measures looking to the extinguishment of our nationalities. The lessons of the past year should not be forgotten. A mixed occupancy of our land could but result in the white ascendancy, the aggrandizement of the stronger race, and the degradation and ultimate extinction of the weak. Past experience declares the truth of this. The millions of red men who first peopled this continent are now reduced to a pitiful remnant by contact with the more advanced race.

We come to you, Mr. President, as the survivors of a once populous people. We plead with you that you will interpose your position in our behalf. We entreat you to withhold your sanction from all railroad, territorial or other measures affecting our status as recognized by existing treaties, and that you will approve all measures looking to the permanent settlement upon the breasts of our people. If this they stand most in need. With such just and friendly aid their advance will be assured, and their influence for good will reach every red man of the plains. The bugle call will no longer be sounded to assemble your armies for the chastisement of the Indian for his misdeeds. We shall have taught him to live in peace with his race. The humanity of national economy and wise statesmanship pronounce in favor of justice to the Indian race.

J. P. FOLSOM,
Delegate from the Choctaw Nation, Chairman.

The report says that matters around Fort Sill are not promising. While the Kiowas and Arrapahoes give promise of peace, the Kiowas are lawless and comparatively irreclaimable. This lawlessness cannot be endured much longer. They must either seek a good road or the military must be called in to teach them a severe lesson. The subject was discussed with uneasiness in the Council. Lone Wolf and Kicking Bird are said to be in favor of peace, but they are unable to restrain their warriors from following the war path. The plan proposed is for several influential Indians of the civilized tribes, War Loopi, Black Beaver, George Washington, Toshowa, and one or two more, to seek out the Kiowas and invite them to the Peace Council, with the delegation from Indian Territory, who will lay before them the evil consequences that will result from their pursuing a life of violence; and also set before them, in attractive colors, advantages that will flow upon the path of peace. The conference will consist of a number of the most influential citizens of the Territory and the most sagacious councilors, and a meeting is appointed for July 22.

BOSTON.

The Musical Jubilee.

BOSTON, June 28.—The audience this afternoon was very large. The English, German and French bands, Ninth Regiment band of New York, Peschka's Hungarian band, Gilmore's Quartette, Arbuckle and Strauss were the features of peculiarity in the instrumental programme, the chorus being called on for only two hymns, which the audience could have sung with better effect. The French band performed "Beautiful Blue Danube" out of compliment to Strauss. Arbuckle's cornet solo "Alexis" was received with marked favor, and encored. The French band performed this evening.

C. W. Gluck, of the Executive Committee, Alderman Cutler and Newton Talbot, of the Press Committee, left to-night to renew the invitation to Horace Greeley, who, it is hoped, will be present on Wednesday next.

Monday will be Irish day, the Dubiin band being expected. A good programme has been prepared for the Fourth of July.

The Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company gave a banquet this evening at the Revere House to the band of the Seventh Regiment Guards. Old colonial associations were revived in speeches, and Queen Victoria and the President were toasted.

ST. LOUIS.

Report on Narrow Gauge Railways.

ST. LOUIS, June 28.—The report of the committee appointed at the Narrow Gauge Railroad Convention, held in this city some days ago, will be published to-morrow. It is an able and exhaustive discussion of the new system in a practical way, and treats the following points in a careful manner: Want of railroads; comparative cost of the two systems; means of construction; comparative cost of operating; capacity of locomotives; cars for the transportation of cotton and live stock; saving in dead weight; curvatures and passage; break of connections; practical experience of experts; the system as a means of development.

The Convention also appointed a National Central Executive Committee of thirteen, with headquarters at St. Louis, to gather and disseminate information relative to the narrow gauge system, of which Chas. H. Howland, of St. Louis, is Chairman, and Col. E. S. Hurlburt, of Atlanta, Ga., Secretary.

SPORTING.

Base Ball.

BALTIMORE, June 28.—Base ball: Athletics, 20; Baltimores, 17.

THE TURF.

BOSTON, June 28.—At Mystic Park to-day, in a trotting match for $2,000, George Palmer beat William H. Allen in 2:30¼, 2:25¼, 2:24½ and 2:23¾. Allen won the third heat.

AQUATIC.

NEW HAVEN, CONN., June 28.—The summer regatta of the Yale University Boat Club came off at Saltonstall Lake. The Academic Department crew came in first, leading the Junior Class crew by four and a half seconds. The Scientific Department crew were third, and the Freshmen last; time 19:44, 19:18¾, 20:20, and 28 respectively. The course is a trifle over three miles.

H. S. Potter, of Hamilton, O., won the first prize in the single scull race.

—A Mexican special dispatch of the 27th from Matamoras says that letters from Camargo to the 25th inst. announce the capture of Saltillo by Trevino. Gen. Quiroga is moving on Camargo. Gen. Cevallos is preparing to retire hither. The revolutionist leader Portugal is still operating outside of Matamoras, capturing mules and levying twenty-five per cent. on all property going out of the city. Many of the merchants are closing up to avoid the new ten per cent. State tax and anticipated forced loans. Diaz is said to be in Jalisco.

—A ragged news-boy of New York has been awarded the prize of a naval cadetship.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

NEW YORK.

Trial of Stokes.

LABOR STRIKES.

The Erie Management.

NEW YORK, June 28, 1872.

STOKES' TRIAL.

The Stokes trial was resumed this morning. There was a large crowd, including many ladies. John P. Redmond, hall boy at the hotel, testified that Fisk asked if Mrs. Moore or daughter were in, and followed him up a few steps, when he heard a voice, and looking up saw Stokes at the top of the stairs, whom witness saw enter the hotel about ten minutes previous; Stokes was resting his left elbow on the bannister, with his right hand raised with a pistol in it; Stokes fired two shots, and Fisk staggered back, leaning against the wall; Fisk was helped up stairs, and saw Fisk identify Stokes as the man who shot him.

Richard Wandell testified that he was a sporting man; that he was standing at the main entrance of the hotel on the day of the shooting; saw Stokes come in at a smart pace, between a run and a walk, and attracting the attention of witness by running against a lady; saw Stokes go in at the ladies' entrance; about five or ten minutes after Fisk's carriage came down Broadway; Fisk got out and went into the hotel by the ladies entrance; did not hear the shot, but heard about the murder shortly after, and saw Stokes in the hands of the officers. Cross-examination elicited nothing further.

Frank Hausman, Fisk's colored driver, and Coroner Young, were next examined, after which a recess was taken. During the examination of the driver the defense tried to prove that Fisk went to the hotel for improper purposes, but the court excluded the questions.

After the recess, Capt. Byrnes, of the fifteenth precinct, was called to the stand, and testified that when he heard of the shooting, after the first five minutes after Fisk's carriage came down Broadway; Fisk got out and went into the hotel by the ladies entrance; did not hear the shot, but heard about the murder shortly after, and saw Stokes in the hands of the officers. Cross-examination elicited nothing further.

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SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1872

BONDS Frankfort at 96.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 44f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 115¾@115⅝.

"THE great guns have all been fired," says the *Tribune*. Now comes the grand infantry charge that will rout Greeley y in November.

[illegible] he arguments used by Mr. Bel- [illegible] e session of the National Committee to select Tuesday, was, that it was a lucky day and the 9th as a lucky number. We hope it may turn out so.—*Post.*

Rather a weak "argument" to hang a hope on.

THE *Tribune* says: "The prospect is that there will be a clean sweep at Baltimore—and afterwards." Yes, and the Republicans will do the sweeping. Democracy and Liberalism will be under the brooms, and will be swept out along with

[illegible] been a remarkably [illegible] y of political convenie-Greeley sort. Mis- Georgia at the South, and Illinois, Ohio, and New Jersey at the North, have held conventions, and with the exception of Georgia and New Jersey, have instructed for Greeley. In these two States there was an anti-Greeley element that defeated instructions, but his friends control the delegations, and they will probably vote them as a unit. The States named will be represented by 188 delegates in the convention. Of course there is no [illegible] will have not likely seven- [illegible] of the delegates. His supporters have managed these Democratic conventions with the same certainty of success as a vigorous, able-bodied person would direct the steps of a poor, blind, tottering, weary, old man, whose "trembling limbs have borne him to your door." And this pretty fairly describes the condition of the old Democratic party. Its decrepitude is painful, even if the inevitable ending should prove a blessing.

YESTERDAY there arrived in our city one of the most important railway excursion parties that ever came to our city. It was that of the Pennsylvania Press Association, composed of the leading editors of the most influential journals of the State, accompanied by their wives and daughters. The Association, which is yearly gaining strength, represents in its membership most of the prominent editors of the country papers of the State, and is well sprinkled with the representatives of the more pretentious dailies of the larger and smaller cities. The meeting at Erie was a most pleasant and enjoyable one. Although great diversity of opinion existed on the political and social ideas of the hour, still there was nothing but harmony prevailing, and all commingled in the gladness of universal good will. The excursionists, numbering several hundred ladies and gentlemen, were belittingly received and entertained at all points of their route, most especially at hospitable and wise-seeing Titusville, where they were entertained in most royal manner. They came to this city via an elegant Palace train over the picturesque Allegheny Valley Railway, [illegible] ney which all enjoyed, and for which [illegible] le Col. Lawrence they were in- [illegible] ook of the good warm din- [illegible] at the Union Depot Hotel, [illegible] d every one journeyed [illegible] are calculated to inspi[illegible] to tone down natural a[illegible] create good fellowship among [illegible] profession by establishing closer socia[illegible] macy.

THE most ridiculous burlesque of the campaign was exploded in the formal withdrawal of Judge David Davis as the Labor Reform candidate for President. The Judge says nothing notable in his card, which is rather sulky in its tone. His nomination as a workingman's candidate was one of the most impudent impostures ever attempted in this country. The Labor Reform National Convention at Columbus that put him up, was feeble in numbers, weak in intelligence, and corrupt in conduct. His nomination, it is generally believed, was bought outright, to put him ahead at Cincinnati. Here the same corruption was practiced, but it failed to succeed. The Democrats especially desired Davis' nomination, and it would more [illegible] have united the party on be- [illegible] alf of the Cincinnati movement than that [illegible] of any other candidate named, but their ad- [illegible] ency was just a little too conspicuous, [illegible] ad had a contrary result. Judge Davis [illegible] ay be a man of ability, learning and possibly integrity on the bench, but the intrigues in his name, for his elevation to the Presidency, have hardly been equalled by the most scandalous and corrupt transactions in American politics, and certainly could not have been carried on without his knowledge and assent, and very probably through contributions from his great wealth. He has lowered the dig- [illegible] of the most honored tribunal in the [illegible] than even the [illegible] dency on the [illegible] defeated with every possible [illegible] even being denied a nomination from any respectable body of supporters. The lesson has been a severe one. We hope it is the last time we shall hear of a Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States as a wire-pulling politician before political conventions. Such conduct should be made just cause of impeachment. It is in conflict with that "good behavior" which the Constitution lays down as limiting the tenure of their high offices.

THE visit of Father Gavazzi to Pittsburgh will afford our citizens the opportunity of testifying their sympathy with a leading European representative of those grand American principles of absolute religious toleration, civil and political liberty, and national unity. That they will avail themselves of it, and extend to the eloquent and patriotic Italian a cordial and enthusiastic welcome is certain; but he asks something more in the form of substantial aid to promote the evangelization of his native land, and this call, we feel assured, will be honored with a liberality characteristic of our citizens.

The independence and unity of Italy under a constitutional government, with Rome as its capital, were the objects for which Gavazzi in his earlier life labored with all the unquenchable zeal and thrilling eloquence of his fiery nature. In 1848 he was the active coadjutor of Mazzini and Garibaldi in the Roman revolution, which was only suppressed by the military power of France. He was then (in 1849) forced to seek refuge in other countries, and made his first visit to the United States, and was received with great enthusiasm as a leading actor in political conflicts which had our hearty sympathy. The statesmanship of Cavour and his successors has more than realized the aspirations of the Italian liberals of 1848, and Gavazzi now comes among us as the advocate and promoter of religious liberalism and general education in Italy. It is to advance these principles he seeks material aid from the Protestants of the United States, as the representative of "The Free Christian Church of Italy," which embodies the fundamental ideas of the evangelical churches in this country. This Italian church, for which Gavazzi is laboring, is a free church, independent of Government aid, and seeks the accomplishment of its aims through Italian workers. Its appeal is simply for help to carry on its work against the power of numbers and the still more powerful organization of the Catholic church. Missionary agencies are of no use, for what is done must be accomplished by the Italians themselves.

The arrangements for Father Gavazzi's reception and stay in Pittsburgh are printed elsewhere. They include a public reception, welcome and response this evening at Library Hall, services in two churches in Pittsburgh, and in one in Allegheny on Sunday, and a lecture on Monday evening at Library Hall, on "the Ecumenical Council and the Infallibility of the Pope."

INDIRECT CLAIMS.

The claims of the United States Government for indirect damages against England, having been laid before the tribunal of arbitration, are disallowed. This is well, as it settles the matter for all time, and is a decision fraught with much good to the entire world. All efforts on the part of the English lawyers to induce the administration to withdraw these claims, and by so doing leave them an open question to be hereafter a plague spot to return and vex us, failed utterly, the President rightly insisting firmly from first to last, that all questions of difference should be settled by the Board of Arbitration, the right to claim pay for indirect loss among the rest. A decision on this important point having been reached, nothing now remains but a hearing and sifting of the evidence bearing on the direct losses perpetrated on our commerce by the English-Rebel cruisers, which will not consume much time, nor cause any public anxiety, being purely matters of fact.

This part of the work will doubtless be delegated by the Board to a sub-committee or commission, to be formed outside of their own number. England will attempt finally to argue non-responsibility for the losses inflicted by the cruisers, but it will not avail, as the world has fully made up its mind on this point, and it is not to be presumed that the Board of Arbitration will attempt to reverse that decision. England will pay the direct losses, and it is much to the advantage of this country that the decision on the claim for indirect damages has been made against us, as it applies as well to the future as to the past. We may find, ere long, that this rule just adopted by this international tribunal is one that we have great reason to rejoice over, as the boot may be on the other foot, the privateers may hail next time from America. "All's well that ends well."

THE TRUE POLICY.

We called attention a few days ago to the fact that the present interest rates on Wall street, New York, for first-class business paper are five and six per cent., whilst loans on call can only be made at two per cent. These facts prove a wonderful surplus of money at the great business centres. In Philadelphia, the rates are full as low; in fact, on business paper of "gilt edge" fame four and five per cent. interest are the outside rates to be obtained.

We see by the late English news that the Bank of England—the great money monitor of the realm, and index of the financial life and health of Europe—has reduced its interest rate to three and one-half per cent., with symptoms of a still further reduction hinted at. There is more significance in this fact than one would at first glance think, as it reveals a stagnant condition of the money market, consequent on a plethora of bullion. Whence comes this glut of gold in the coffers of the English bank? America for months past has been a steady contributor of its means to swell the funds of England and English manufacturers. The drain of specie, weekly, to pay for our over-extravagant importations has caused wise heads to become alarmed for our future, unless the tide shall be soon turned. We are exporting our gold and silver to pay English balances against us, for immoderate and reckless purchases of European fabrics, and [illegible] nch gew-gaws, in amount five times [illegible] er the rate of their production. This will soon drain the land of specie, and bring on national and general bankruptcy. It is one of the first, most apparent and most pernicious fruits of tariff reduction; and if the present condition is alarming, how much more will it be so when the latest reductions of duty shall take effect? We shall be flooded with foreign goods, wares and merchandise, and in return therefor, must sell our grains and agricultural products at prices dictated by our English creditors, and drain the land of specie to make up deficiencies. The policy is all wrong, and the experience of the next few years will sorely prove it so. Remove internal taxation, but continue high duties on foreign goods. This is the correct theory for the United States, and the one under which we have known our greatest prosperity. It would be far better for the land if prohibitory duties should be placed on foreign goods and products, except such necessities as tea, coffee, spices and some others not produced at home. Then Europe would be obliged to come to us for our grains, our oil and our cotton, and pay for them at *our* rates in gold, instead of in French millinery and English iron and steel. Instead of a steady drain upon us of our specie to meet foreign balances against us, the gold would be due us for our excess of sales to Europe. Instead of paying nine and ten per cent. interest rates in Pittsburgh, and at certain periods throughout the entire country, we should be doing the work of the English Bank, supplying manufacturers with money at three and four per cent. England is the great salesman of the world; she makes [illegible] that America cannot make; [illegible] ber what [illegible] liged to [illegible] and sil- [illegible] ver to pay our debts. [illegible] produce for sale everything possible, and buy nothing which we could make at home.

The truth of this assertion is found by a comparison of interest rates in the United States, as well as by the larger and more general rule above related. The policy is just as good when applied to States, counties, cities, towns and families, as when applied to nations. Pittsburgh, with unlimited capital, is buying more goods from New York, which could as well be made at home, than she ought. Why should we go there for domestics, for hardware, for agricultural implements, for iron safes, iron house fronts and a thousand other things which could better be made by ourselves? Instead of building up manufactories to keep pace with our own demands, we are shipping tens of millions of bushels of our valuable coal product away every year to keep other manufacturing establishments supplied with the fuel which we should find full use for at home. What is the result? We buy from New York, so the whole country does; New York is to us in the West what England is to our country. We buy and pay money for our purchases. Money is therefore scarce, with us, and high, whilst it goes begging in New York at two per cen[illegible] d other trade markets [illegible] ible and applies everywhere. Produce more—consume less.

We clip the following from the Philadelphia *Press*, which fully coincides with the views we have expressed above:

The Bank of England has reduced its rate of discount to 3½ per cent. It may be asked, "Is that any concern of ours?" and the reply must be affirmatively, inasmuch as it indicates that there is a great deal more gold in the coffers of the bank than it can employ profitably. Whence comes this superabundance of specie? The fact is, though Germany has been steadily drawing a great deal of gold out of the land for some weeks past, this is more than compensated by the large supply of specie from the United States. While our people will insist and persist in despising home productions, and in importing costly European manufactures, with many luxuries in food, jewelry, and fancy articles, it is to be expected that, at certain seasons, not having sufficient equivalents in American produce or manufactures, or next to no demand for them, we must pay cash for all that we import. The fact is, we are living very "fast," burning the candle at both ends, as the saying is. There is greater extravagance in dress, in our great cities, than there was in Paris during the most profligate season of the Empire, and our living may be said to be a condition of ostentatious competition. One effect of this reckless outlay, which is fed by wild speculation of many kinds, is that business men here have to pay twice, or even thrice as much, for the use of money, by discounting of bills and notes, than English manufacturers and traders are charged for like accommodation, even by the Bank of England, which exacts a higher rate than any other money-holders.

PERSONAL.

THE King and Queen of Saxony will celebrate the fiftieth anniversary of their wedding in August.

MR. BENSON J. LOSSING received the degree of Doctor of Laws, yesterday, from Michigan University.

IT is proposed to erect a monument in Central Park in commemoration of Joseph Bessel, the inventor of the screw propeller.

THE recent elections in Hungary resulted in the return of a large majority of representatives in favor of the views of Francis Deak.

STOKES is said to be but the shadow of his former self, is constantly depressed and hardly able to sit in the court room from mere nervousness.

THE Rev. George Rodgers, of Dorsetshire, England, is coming to America next month to choose a western site for the establishment of an English colony.

GEN. WADE HAMPTON was been negotiating for large tracts of land on Long Island, and it is reported that he intends making his permanent residence near there.

FORTY-FIVE thousand dollars in gold have just been handed over to the Earl of Warwick for the rebuilding of his famous castle, destroyed by the fire last year.

JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL is to remain in Europe two years. His journey has been meditated for some time, but until now he has found it impossible to escape from his duties at Harvard.

THERE is no truth in the report that Mesdames Stephens, Southworth, Hentz, Wood and Dupuy have grown tired of counting their books, and agreed to measure them hereafter by the cord.

PRESIDENT GRANT has telegraphed to Governor Washburn, of Wisconsin, that he will be unable to be present at the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee, in Madison, on the fourth of July.

UP to the year 1871, six hundred copies of FRITZ ADE's song, "When the Swallows Homeward Fly," had been sold in Germany. The composer received only $20 for the popular production.

A MR. SEIBERT, a resident of New York, has presented the Emperor William with several fame stags. His Majesty, on accepting the gift, took occasion to thank the Germans in America for their patriotism.

COLONEL CLAFLIN is rapidly collecting her military accoutrements. Her latest purchase consists of a very elegant pair of silver spurs. Public curiosity is excited to the highest pitch to know how she will look mounted.

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG appeared last evening, in London, as *Gilda* in the opera of "Rigoletto." A large audience was present, among whom her singing and acting awakened the liveliest tokens of satisfaction.

LORD DUFFERIN, the new Governor-General of Canada, Lady Dufferin and suite arrived in Quebec yesterday, and were received by Sir Hastings Doyle, Sir John A. MacDonald and others. Lord Dufferin took the oath of office at three o'clock.

THE gentleman named Stokes, who was present when Jim Fisk was accidentally killed, and whose detention since the accident was owing to his proximity, will be satisfied if restored to liberty in time for the Long Branch races.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

ALDERMAN RICHARDSON, of Brooklyn, has begun a suit for libel against the *World*. The alleged libel consists in an assertion made and repeated by the *World* that the alderman received a bribe from certain pavement companies for alleged services rendered in their interest.

THE late Mr. Dilke, grandfather of Sir Charles Dilke, and one of the earliest proprietors of the *Athenæum*, established by John Sterling, formed a Junius collection, to which his son, Mr. Wentworth Dilke, made some additions. Sir Charles has just presented this collection to the British Museum.

THE Japanese Charge d'Affairs at Washington has presented to Mrs. Secretary Fish, from the Empress of Japan, a box of unique workmanship composed of specimens of all the different colored silks manufactured in Japan; also a flower of silk closely resembling a lily—all being the handiwork of the Empress herself.

A NUMBER of wealthy Hebrews in New York intend to start a daily paper there. They are prepared to risk half a million dollars in such an enterprise, or more if it be required. They have made several ineffectual efforts to buy an established journal in the city, offering, it is understood, as much as a million dollars.

THE hall in which the Geneva Court of Arbitration holds its sessions is an ordinary drawing-room, the windows looking out on a neat little garden in the very centre of the city. The anteroom through which the commissioners and secretaries enter the hall of congress is called the marriage chamber, and is regarded by sentimentalists as significant of the approach of a happy union between the two great nations.

MRS. LOOMIS lectured last night in San Francisco against woman suffrage. A number of woman suffragists were present and interrupted the proceedings with hisses and ill-timed applause. Mr. David Meeker thereupon got up and said that those who would not behave themselves ought to be put out. To this Mrs. Emily Pitts Stevens, the editress of the *Pioneer*, the suffragist organ, responded by drawing a pistol, just like a man, and demanding room to speak. Her fine sensibilities finally recovered their usual tone, without either shooting her man or receiving an apology.

Some of England's Treasures.

A wonderf little Blue Book has just been ordered by the House of Commons to be printed, which gives a list of the most important sepulchral monuments in England, drawn up by the London Society of Antiquarians for the information of the Government. "The veriest Philistine of all Gath, writes a London journal, would turn over its pages with reverence, and gaze upon its record tenderly. It tells us of famous men, and of our fathers that begat us—men who have left a name behind them, that their praises might be reported—men who bore rule, renowned for their power, leaders of the people by their counsel and by their knowledge of learning. Our very breath bates in the presence of this great assembly of mighty dead, and a dim awe creeps over us, as we were treading the Cave of Macpelah—as we stood on "the lone and level sands," beneath the pedestal of which Shelley sings earlier than all history, prior to tradition itself, with the weird words, My name is Ozymandias. King of Kings. Look on my words, ye mighty and despair." Graven on it—in letters which mock time itself—Kings the proudest—as ordinary mortals (the sage journal remarks) now as in the days of Homer; and the Royal monuments which croud Westminster Abbey need no enumeration. Who has not gazed on the marble shrine which covers the remains of Edward the Confessor, on the urn erected in memory of the hapless Princes, Edward and Richard, Duke of York;—on the tomb of Elizabeth, where the great Tudor Queen sleeps side by side with her sister Mary; on the marble canopy which marks the resting-place of the heckless Queen of Scots?

And yet the noble old Abbey holds but a tithe of our worthies, and not all even of our kings. The wicked Red William lies in Winchester Cathedral, John at Worcester, Edward II. at Gloster, Edward the Black Prince—a king in all but fact—at Canterbury. And, when we leave Royalty, our list widens, and there we find hardly a spot in England which cannot show some tomb or cenotaph bearing a name more imperishable than the very marble upon which it is cut. In Chelsea Old Church a simple slab hands down the memory of Sir Thomas Moore. St. Paul's Crypt holds a fragment of the monument erected to Sir Nicholas Bacon; the monument itself perished in the Great Fire. Francis Bacon, his son—why will Philistines call him "Lord Bacon"?—is buried in the parish church of St. Michael, at St. Albans. Sir William Gascoigne, the Lord Chief Justice, who committed a Prince, lies in the little church at Harewood. Lord Chief Justice Lyttleton, he upon whom Coke commented, rests in Worcester Cathedral. Bishop Burnet has a tablet to his memory in Clerkenwell Church. John Gower and Phillip Massinger repose in St. Saviour's, Southwark; Pope's monument is in the parish church at Twickenham. And—to travel back through the centuries for one great name with which to close our list—there is still in the old Church of St. Giles, Cripplegate, a plain marble slab which marks the resting-place of the author of "Paradise Lost."

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH,
CHARTERED IN 1852.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinney, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. K. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robt. G. Schwartz, Christopher Zug.

John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

IT is announced from London that Captain Donald Roderick Cameron, of the Royal Artillery, has been appointed Royal Commissioner for surveying and marking out, in conjunction with a Commissioner on the part of the United States of America, the line of boundary between the British and American Territories under the second article of the treaty of October 20, 1818 from the Lake of the Woods to the Rocky mountains.

TRUSSES.

Every kind of Trusses for the cure of Rupture may be obtained at Dr. Keyser's establishment, No. 167 Liberty street. It is a matter of the greatest consequence that all who are ruptured should be properly fitted with a suitable truss, and one that will keep the ruptured parts in their place. Many persons do not know when they are ruptured, and frequently years are allowed to pass by before anything is done.

This is a great error, and one that is often paid for at the expense of the person's life.

Rupture, is too serious an injury to be treated with lightness or neglect, especially when the means for its relief and cure are so easily obtained. Children and young persons are easily cured, with the improved appliances which are constantly being added to the great variety which Dr. Keyser always has on hand.

Dr. Keyser's office, 167 Liberty street, from 10 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6, and on Saturdays at night.

LOST HEALTH REGAINED.

Self-neglect lays the foundation of much bodily suffering. As a rule men are more solicitous to repair and preserve their houses, stock in trade and other perishable property than to repair and preserve themselves. They can see when a wall requires a prop, or a weak structure a girder, but appear to be unconscious of, or indifferent to, the cracks and flaws and evidences of decay in their own frail and sensitive organizations.

The consequence of this want of common prudence is that thousands fall by the wayside in the prime of life every year, who might have lived to enjoy a hale and hearty old age. If they had resorted to the proper means of recruiting their failing vigor at the proper time.

Seeing what that famous vitalizing and invigorating elixir, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, has done for countless multitudes of the enervated and broken down, and with the long, unbroken record of its cures before him, it seems amazing that any sufferer from premature decay, nervous weakness, dyspepsia, billiousness, chronic constipation, or disease of a remittent or intermittent character, should delay, even for an hour, to seek the aid which its tonling, regulating or invigorating properties have never failed to afford.

It is no exaggeration to say that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the most faithful ally of nature, in her struggles with weakness and disease, that medical botany and honest chemistry have yet given to the world.

MINERAL WATER DEPOT.

EXCELSIOR SARATOGA WATER ON DRAFT.
DEER PARK WATER ON DRAFT.
KISSINGEN WATER ON DRAFT.
VICHY WATER ON DRAFT.
BLUE LICK WATER ON DRAFT.
Also, ST. LOUIS (Michigan) MAGNETIC SPRING WATER.
STERLING MAGNETIC SPRING WATER.
HARPER SPRING WATER.
In Bottles—sold by the dozen, or by the case or barrel, at the lowest prices, at
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.
N. B.—Call and try our Soda-Water, drawn from the Frost King Soda Water Apparatus, the finest in the city.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Faber & Van Doren,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,

STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

Orders Solicited.

INVESTMENT SECURITIES.

To all seeking investment, combining large profit with abundant security, we offer and recommend the first mortgage 7-30 Gold Bonds of the North Pacific Railroad Company.

They have thirty years to run, and bear interest at the rate of 7 3-10 per cent. in gold.

Many holders of 5-20's are exchanging them for North Pacific, and thereby **Increasing their Annual Income Nearly One-Third.**

The highest current rate will be paid for all marketable securities received in exchange.

The Company is now offering for sale to settlers and colonies Three Million Acres if its Lands in Minnesota, and a large area on the Pacific coast will soon be placed on the Market. Many thousand acres have already been sold. The proceeds of land sales constitute a SINKING FUND for the First Mortgage Bonds, and the Bonds are at all times convertible at 1-10 into the Company's Lands at market prices.

JAY COOKE & CO.,
Financial Agents North Pacific Railroad.

These bonds are for sale by the following agents in Pittsburgh:

PEOPLE'S SAVING BANK.
MANUFACTURERS' SAVINGS BANK.
WESTERN SAVINGS BANK.
N. HOLMES & SON.
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.
IRA B. McVAY & CO.
HART, CAUGHEY & CO.

With entire confidence I recommend these Bonds to the public.

J. K. MOORHEAD,
General Agent Pittsburgh District.
my18:r3s-s&w

Reduction in Prices
OF
GAS FIXTURES.

We will sell Gas Fixtures at reduced prices for the next thirty days, no charge being made for hanging them in any part of the city, Allegheny or Birmingham. Those desiring to purchase are invited to call and examine the finest assortment in the west. Call and purchase direct, allowing no interference through your gas fitter.

WELDON & KELLY,
147 Wood Street.
je22:147

May and June Styles

STRAW, FELT AND GOSSAMER
HATS,
Newest Styles,
Largest Stock,
LOWEST PRICES,
AT
R. H. PALMER'S HAT HOUSE,
149 and 151 Wood Street,
je23 PITTSBURGH.

H. J. LYNCH

is offering great bargains in
Lace Curtains,
Lace Sacques,
Lace Circulars and
Lace Point Shawls.
MARSEILLES AND HONEY COMB QUILTS,
At No. 96 Market Street.
je22

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

RETAIL.

Joseph Horne & Co.

LARGE ADDITIONS OF
Choice and Seasonable Goods
RECEIVED THIS WEEK.

Ladies' Balbriggan and Lisle Hosiery.
Ladies' Cotton Hosiery.
Misses' Cotton Hosiery.
Children and Infants' Cotton Hosiery.
White and Fancy in ⅞, ¼, Reg. and extra lengths.
Ladies, Misses and Children's Thin Gauze Underwear.
Bargains in Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Undergarments.
The New Pompadour Patent Skeleton Panier.
Hoop Skirts—latest styles.
Ladies' White Swiss Jackets.
Embroidered Cashmere Sacques at reduced Prices.
A Novelty—the Crape de Chene Head and Shoulder Scarf, Bias Silk and Crape de Chene Neck Scarfs in a very great variety of shades.
Bargains in Hamburg Embroideries still continue. A fresh lot just received.
Fancy Feather and Tip in all the new tints.
Real and Patent Val. Lace Sleeves, Linen Sleeves, Collars and Cuffs.

HORNE & CO.'S
PENN STREET STORES,
NOS. 197 AND 199.
je27

BARGAINS
IN
THIN GOODS
AT
BOGGS & BUHL'S.

Received on Last Evening's Express,
2,000 YARDS
Real Silk Stripe Grenadines,
AT 20 CENTS,
Same as are Selling Everywhere at 25c.

Fine Black Hernanis.

WHITE VICTORIA LAWNS
FOR SUITS,
From 18 3-4 to 50 cents Per Yard.

New Japanese Silks.

NEW FRENCH STRIPE SILKS.

Ladies' Suits,
RECEIVED DAILY.
HOSIERY, BUSTLES, HOOP SKIRTS, GLOVES, LADIES' SCARFS, IN ALL THE NEW SHADES.

BOGGS & BUHL,
126 Federal St., Allegheny.
je22-77TTS

NEW STOCK
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS.
A FULL LINE
AT
Eastern Prices,
IN THE
NEW STORE,
239 and 241 Liberty Street.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

Buyers are Invited to Call.
je25

PARASOLS! PARASOLS!!

Macrum & Carlisle,
NO. 27 FIFTH AVENUE,
HAVE OPENED A LARGE LOT OF
Plain Parasols,
Ruffled Parasols,
Fringed Parasols,
Pongee Parasols,
WITH PLAIN AND TOURIST STICKS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
White Silk Parasols
AND
LACE PARASOL COVERS.
A good line, all sizes, of
SUN UMBRELLAS.
Every article at Very Low Prices.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
27 Fifth Avenue.
my25-TTS

79. R. A. HALL. 79.
Human and Artificial Hair Goods
AND TOILET ARTICLES.

We are always receiving new goods and all the latest styles as soon as they are out. Also, a good stock of everything in the Real and Imitation Hair line can be found at 79 Fourth avenue, nearly opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. Ladies and Children's Hair Dressed and Shampooed, either at the store or at your residence, by female hair workers. Switches and Curls made of combings. mh8-wtttsu

ALEX. CARSON,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES, LIQUORS,
AND CIGARS.
A Large Stock of Old Whisky on hand.
360 Liberty Street,
One block below Union Depot,
my30-36 PITTSBURGH, PA.

REIHLE BROS.,
PHILADELPHIA.
93 LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK.
Makers of the celebrated Shock House Scale for Farmers, Etc., Etc. Contracts taken to put up Compound Parallel Crane Beam; Heavy Rolling Mill Scale; Testing Machines of any capacity, of remarkable accuracy. All work warranted. wh26:s81-TTHS

LACOCK, HAWTHORN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Galvanized Iron Cornices, Window Caps, Ventilators, &c., &c. Contracts taken in any part of the country for Tin Roofing, Cornices, Copper, Sheet Iron Work.
No. 47 FEDERAL STREET,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUITS! SUITS!
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
Ladies' White Suits,
Ladies' Buff Suits,
Ladies' Striped Suits,
Ladies' Linen Suits.

WHITE GOODS.
Lawns,
Linens,
Piques,
Nainsooks,
Jaconets,
Swisses.

DOLLY VARDEN CHINTZES.
Great Bargains
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

NEW SPRING GOODS.

We take great pleasure in informing the ladies of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that we have just opened a very large and well selected stock of Spring Goods. These Goods were selected with great care, and are of the very latest style. Our stock of

BLACK SILKS
Japanese Silks,
ALPACAS,
DOLLY VARDENS
IN CHOICE STYLES,
MOHAIRS
AT OLD PRICES.
Shawls and Scarfs,
LINENS, TOWELS,
Prints, Cassimeres,

and in fact a Complete Assortment of Housekeeping Goods and Dress Goods, new and fresh, are large and cannot fail to please the most fastidious.

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN.
Cor. of Market St. and Fourth Ave.

Remember, we have removed from 21 Fifth avenue to the large Dry Goods House, corner of Fourth avenue and Market street, where we will be pleased to see our friends.

New Establishment.
Marbleized Slate Mantles,
FURNACES,
RANGES, GRATES.

Having fitted up the above STORE for the manufacture and sale of FURNACES, RANGES, GRATES and MARBLEIZED MANTLES, I would respectfully call the attention of Architects, Builders, Churches, School Committees and the public in general, to our stock of goods, consisting of

MARBLEIZED SLATE MANTLES,

which are six times as strong as marble, will not stain or discolor by gas, smoke, oil or acids.

I am now manufacturing and offer for sale the most desirable patterns and best finished Mantles ever offered in this market.

COOKING RANGES
Of the most popular and desirable patterns,
Old's Utility Fire Grate,
The most powerful heating grate in use, burning the gas and smoke, and saving from forty to fifty per cent. of fuel.
The New Cone Furnace,

which has a large amount of radiating surface, and for simplicity of construction, ease of management, economy in fuel and durability, will commend itself to all who will examine it. It will burn in your building with one-third less coal than the common furnaces now in use. The BEST FUEL for Stoves, Bituminous and Anthracite Coal.

We solicit a liberal share of public patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

JAMES OLD,
No. 193 Liberty Street,
fe16:b29-TTH&S PITTSBURGH, PA

PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PROPRIETORS.
Manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, Blue Lead, Zines, Litharge, Putty, and all colors, dry and in oil.
OFFICE AND FACTORY—480, 482, 484, 486, and 488 REBECCA STREET.

We call the attention to the guarantee posted on our strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a pure "Carbonate of Lead" we mean "Chemically Pure"—that is, free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior both in color and covering property. Guaranteed to be a Purer Carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and forfeit the price of the package if containing the least adulteration. ja27-186

OTIS Safety Hoisting Machinery.
Otis Brothers & Co.,
PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,
348 Broadway, New York.
PASSENGER ELEVATORS FOR HOTELS, OFFICE BUILDINGS, STORES, APARTMENTS AND PRIVATE HOUSES.
The only machine in use combining perfect safety with smoothness, noiselessness, rapidity of movement, and the greatest economy in the use of fuel.
Safety Hoisting Machinery for Merchandise and Freight, for Stores, Manufactories, Furnaces and Mines.
LOCAL REFERENCES.—Monongahela House, Pittsburgh; Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co., Pittsburgh; Wm. Heslage & Co., Pittsburgh; S. S. Marvin & Co., Pittsburgh, Pa. and Wheeling, West Virginia. fe23-s&w-TTH

GET THE BEST.
Howe Standard.
Sampson Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Tracks, Tackle's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.
SCHUDER & McCLURG,
my23:r26 68 Wood street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.
AT 5 CENTS.
BLACK HERNANIS.
AT 10 CENTS.
Black Hernanis
AT 12½ CENTS.
BLACK HERNANIS.
Fine Black Hernanis,
VERY CHEAP.
AT 6¼ CENTS.
Fast Col'd Prints,
Best quality, in short lengths.
AT 8⅓ CENTS,
FAST COL'D PRINTS,
Beautiful styles, best quality, slightly imperfect.
Many Other Real Bargains on Counters,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

IT IS FOUND!
NO MORE SORE BACKS.
NO BROKEN-DOWN CONSTITUTIONS.

THE
Eclipse Imp'd Washing Machine

This Machine is the most perfect one now in use and will do the work of two persons in one-half of the time that it would take to do it on a washboard. It is easy to work, and an ordinary family washing can be done in one or two hours. The Machine is in the shape of a tub, and is therefore air-tight and retains the steam and heat. County and State rights for sale. Manufactured and sold by

THOS. MERKLE & CO.,
Cor. 32d and Penn St., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Also, Dealers in Wooden Ware. ap28:u11-MWS

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, June 25, 1872.

CITY TAXES, 1872.

Notice is hereby given that the several Assessors have placed in this office the duplicates of
CITY, CITY BUILDING FIRE, SPECIAL POOR, CITY SCHOOL, WARD SCHOOL, AND CITY BUSINESS TAXES, AND CITY WATER RENTS FOR THE YEAR 1872,
and that said Taxes and Water Rents will now be ready for collection, and I am prepared to receive the same, subject to the following regulations:

DEDUCTIONS.

FIVE per cent. deduction allowed if paid on or before the 1st day of August, 1872.

TWO per cent. deduction allowed if paid between the the 1st day of August, 1872, and the 15th day of September, 1872.

If paid after the 15th of September, 1872, and on or before the 1st day of October, 1872, no deduction will be allowed.

ADDITIONS.

FIVE per cent. will be allowed if paid after the 1st day of October, 1872, and on or before the 1st day of November, 1872.

TEN per cent will be added to all Taxes and Water Rents remaining unpaid after the 1st day of November, 1872.

For the accommodation of the Tax Payers, this office will be KEPT OPEN until November 15th, 1872, on SATURDAYS until 8 o'clock, P. M.

C. L. MAGEE,
City Treasurer.
je27:180

TIN CAN MANUFACTORY.

Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of
Miller's Screw Can,
Patented March, 1868.
The best and cheapest Fruit Can ever invented. Requires no sealing wax. This Can is also extensively used for Color, White Lead, &c. Send for sample. All other kinds of Tin Cans made. All orders filled on short notice.

D. MILLER & CO.,
109 and 111 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
my29:187

Jas. Gallagher's
Merchant Tailoring
ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 10 SIXTH STREET (late St. Clair),

It may be gratifying to our friends and patrons, as well as the public at large, to know that Mr. C. A. Muhlenbring, an experienced

FINANCIAL.

Ira B. McVay & Co.,

BANKERS.

We offer for sale the following Local Securities at Par and Accrued Interest:

Pittsburgh City Water Bonds, 7 Per cent. Interest;

Pittsburgh Penn Avenue Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;

Ormsby Borough Bonds, 7 per cent. Interest;

Birmingham Market Bonds, 6 per cent. Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather

SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL. - - - $200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.

JOHN D. FRAZIER, Cashier.

Deposits of $1 and upward received.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, June 28, 1872.

Business in local money matters to-day was dull. Capital at this point continues to accumulate, without a corresponding demand for loans. Good number one paper, just now, is remarkably scarce, and the indications are that it will not be some time hence grow much plentier. Banking facilities are daily becoming greatdr, and the trouble to secure discounts likewise grows less difficult. The feeling is rapidly increasing that Secretary Boutwell, in his endeavors to reduce the rate of interest to the standard of that paid in Great Britain, is reaching for the right point, to make the industry of the country profitable and permanently successful. Throughout the United States labor is becoming the user of capital—no longer its slave. The interests of both are now looked upon as identical, that the prosperity of the one, necessitates the success of the other.

Gold has had no disastrous effects. The expanding wants of the country, a deficiency that [illegible] a great deal [illegible]ry day activity, [illegible] develop[illegible]vidual, [illegible] to the [illegible]opment of [illegible]sylvania, [illegible]most attractive [illegible] little [illegible]lity, [illegible]ion their cities. In local securities there has been nothing transpiring worthy of report.

The July interest on the public debt amounts to $26,546,213. This is now being paid out, and the supply of coin thus furnished, together with the reduction in the rate of interest by the Bank of England, in consequence of the large increase of specie in its vaults during the last two weeks, as an effort to depress the price of gold. In New York, also, there has been a large increase of foreign exchange recently, from time bills drawn against shipments of wheat from San Francisco to Liverpool. The California crop of wheat, it is well known, is unusually large, and, owing to the earlier harvest on the Pacific Coast, comes into the maket two months earlier than the wheat of the North-western States. These bills and shipments are, therefore, likely to increase, and will have their effect, first on the price of gold, and, next, on the price of wheat. —*Chicago Tribune.*

Geo. B. Hill & Co., brokers, cor. Wood Street and Third Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by telegraph:

	Friday.
Bonds—1881	115¾
" 20— 1862	114¾
" 1864	114¾
" 1865	115¼
" 1865 new	117½
" 1867	118¾
" 1868	117¾
10-40s	111¾
Currency 6's	115½
Gold	113¾
RAILWAYS.	
New York Central	97¼
Pan Scrip	97½
Erie	54¾
Harlem	115½
Fort Wayne	96
Rock Island	111
Wabash	75¾
Union Pacific	37¾
Ohio & Mississippi	46¾
Pacific Mail	73¾
Fast Union Telegraph	75
Adams Express	97
U. S. Express	87
Wells, Fargo	88

—Messrs. Gilbough, Bond & Co., bankers and brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active stocks:

	Friday.
Pana. Central	59¼
Pana. Allotments	59
Reading R. R.	61¼
Camden & Amboy	126¾
Lehigh Navigation	45
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R.	36
Central Transportation	48¼
Empire Transportation	55
Union Transportation	80
Pittsburgh City 5's	77
A. V. R. R. R. 7-30's	97
Lehigh Valley R. R.	59½
Philadelphia & Erie	27¾

NEW YORK, June 28, 1872.

Money easy at 3@5. Sterling firm at 109⅞@110. Gold firm at 113⅝@113¾. Loans 3@4. Clearings $28,000,000. Treasury disbursements $1,321,000, mostly interest. Engagements for export to-morrow, $2,850,000. Governments steady. State bonds dull and strong. State bonds quiet and steady. Stocks dull and strong, except Erie, which sold quickly up to 57, and reacted as rapidly to 54¾. It is reported Erie cash stock is scarce, and 1-16 per day was paid for use. Ohio and Mississippi has been in lively demand, and the sales were quite large at an advance.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons of 1881, 120; 5-20's '62, 114¾; do '64, 114¾; do '65, 115¼; do new do, 117¾; do '67, 118¼; do '68, 117¾; 10-40's, 112. Currency 6's, 114½.

STATE BONDS.—Mississippi, 97¼; old Tennessee, 74½; new do, 74½; new Virginia, 48; old do, 42½; old [illegible]; new do, 23½.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Quicksilver, 41¾; Union Telegraph, 73; [illegible], 41¾; Adams Express, 97; Wells-Fargo, 88¾; American Merchants Union, 73; United States, 87¼; Pacific Mail, 73; New York Central, 97½; Erie, 57½; Erie, 54¾; do prefer'd, 78; Harlem, 115½; do pref'd, 130; Michigan Central, 114; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 91; Northwestern, 72¾; do preferred, 89¾; Rock Island, 110¾; New Jersey Central, 109¾@88. Paul, 53¾; do preferred, 77½; Wabash, 75¼; do preferred, 87; Fort Wayne, 96; Terre Haute, 30; do preferred, 40; Chicago & Alton, 115; preferred, 116; Ohio & Mississippi, 46¾; C. C. & C., 90¾; Burlington & Quincy, 130½; Lake Shore, 96¾; Panama, 35½; Illinois Central, 136; Union Pacific, 37¾; Central Pacific bonds, 94; Hudson, 94¼; Delaware and Lackawanna, 107¾.

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH, FT. W. & CHICAGO R. R.

Nimick & Co	5
Lee & Co	3
Graff, Bennett & Co	2
Jones & Laughlin	3
J. W. Porter	1
Pgh Forge & Iorn Co	5
Harbaugh, M. O.	4
Total	24

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Siberian Iron Works	4
Isabella Furnace Co	2
Total	6

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL R. R.

J. W. Porter	2
Malin & B.	10
Total	12

WEST PENN.

Isabella Furnace Co. received 181 cars ore from Lake Champagne, via. South Amboy, since June 8th.

DETROIT, June 28.—Wheat steady; extra 1, 66; No 1 $1.57; amber $1.51. Corn firm at 36c. Oats firm 33.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, June 28, 1872.

ASHES.—Common Soda Ash, 4¾@5c; Refined 5¾@6c Nitrate Soda, 5c; Pots, 10c; Pearls, 11c.

APPLE BUTTER.—Quoted at 65 to 70 cts per bbl.

BUTTER.—There is a fair demand and we can report regular sales at 10 to 15 cts, for common to prime. The receipts are rather light but the supply is equal to present requirements.

BROOM CORN.—Continues dull and prices are nominally unchanged, ranging from 5 to 8 cts per lb.

BEANS.—In limited supply, but the demand is light and prices are unchanged; $2,75 to $3,25 per bushel.

CHEESE.—Is coming in freely, and prices are weak and a shade lower; we now quote at 11 to 11¾ for Dairy; 12 to 12½ for Factory, and 13 to 13¾ for Goshen.

CANNED GOODS.—Peaches $6.50 to $7 per case; Corn $5.50 to $6.50; Tomatoes, $4.50 to $5.

CARBON OIL.—Is steady but quiet and unchanged.

CONCENTRATED LYE.—Pennsylvania is unchanged at $5.50 per case.

COUNTRY BACON.—Dull but unchanged; Shoulders, 4 to 5; clear sides, 6 to 6½; Hams, 8 to 10. Country Lard, 7 to 8 cents.

CEMENT.—Louisville Cement, $2.50 to $2.75 per bbl; Calcined Plaster, $4 to $4.50; Land Plaster, $3.25 to $3.50; Cleveland Lime, $2; Eastern Lime, $1.75.

DRIED FRUIT.—Continues very dull and is almost out of season; prices are nominally unchanged.

EGGS.—The receipts continue light, and the market is steady with sales reported at 19@20. It is not expected that these prices will be maintained any length of time.

FLOUR.—Continues weak, and prices are drooping; we now quote, in a jobbing way, at $8,00 to $8,50 for spring, and 8,75 to $9,25 for winter; sale of 100 bbls red winter at $8,75. Rye flour, in a jobbing way, $5,50@6,00, and dull.

GRAIN.—There is no improvement to note in the market for anykind of grain; it is hoped, however, that there will soon be turn for a better, and it is barely possible that the present stagnation can hold out much longer. There is no demand whatever for wheat, and in the absence of sales, it is ifficult to give quotations; we notice that it continues to decline in the west, and, in some of the western markets, prices are almost as low now as they were prior to the late advance. However, there is no stock of wheat in this market, and from all that we learn, there is but little remaining in first hands in the section of country, and this being the case, it is probable that wheat will do better, as there will at least be an improved demand within the next sixty days, or before the new crop is ready for market. Oats continues very dull, but prices without quotable change, varying from 43 to 45 cents. Eor shelled corn, the demand continues light, but prices are unchanged, 58 to 59 on track, and 60 to 61 free in elevator. There is nothing doing in rye and barley, and, in the absence of sales, we omit quotations.

GROCERIES.—Trade continues rather slow, through fair for the season; and the market in a general way, presents but little that is new or important. Sugars are easy though unchanged. Coffee remains quiet and firm—the demand is always light at this season of the year.

REFINED SUGARS.—Powdered, 13¼; crushed, 13¼; granulated, 13; A, 12; B, 11¾; Ex C, 11¾; C, 11¾; Circle C, 11¼.

COFFEE.—Rio—Choice, 26¼@27; Prime, 25½@26; Fair, 25; Fair, 24½. Rye dull and poor, 29@30; lower grades, 27@28.

RAW SUGARS.—Choice New Orleans, 11@11¼; Prime, 10¾; Good, 10; Fair, 9¾. Choice Porto Rico, 10¾; Prime, 10¾. Demerara—Choice, 11¾; Good, 11¼; Prime pork; regular $12,00@12,25. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 4¾c; rib sides 6¼c; clear rib 6¾c; clear 6¾c. Bacon active; sales of shoulders 5¼c; clear rib 7¼c; clear 7½c; sugar cured hams 12@12¾c. Lard quiet; kettle held at 8¾c; prime steam 8¾c. Whiskey 1 cent lower; sales at 86c. Hogs in good demand, $4,00@5,50; receipts 750.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat active; opened weak and irregular; closed firmer $1,22 cash; $1,21¼ July; $1,22 August. Corn dull, 41¼@42c cash, 42¾@44@44¾c August. Oats 28¾c cash; 28¾@29c July. Rye: No. 2 quiet and firmer; 57¾c. Barley quiet 55c. Mess pork steady and firm; $12,50@12,55 cash. Lard easier; $8,55. Hams in pickle firm; 9¼@12c. Bulk meats firmer; shoulders 4¾@4¾c; short rib 6¾@6¾c. Whisky quiet and steady; sales at 86c. Hogs dull and weak; $3,75@4,05.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 28.—Tobacco: sales of 187 hhds; prices not materially changed. Bagging 16¾@18¾@20c. Cotton quiet; middling 25¼c. Flour dull; extra family $6,75. Grain nominal; small lots of new arriving, but no sales. Mess pork steady; $12,00 cash. Bacon quiet at 5¾@7¼@7¾c. Bulk meats firm; 4¾@6¾@6¾c. Hams: s. c. 12¼@12¾c. Lard firm at 9@10c; order lots ¼c higher on above quotations. Whisky 85@86c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and 3@3c lower; No. 1 white Michigan $1,50; amber Michigan $1,44@1,46; No 2 red Wabash $1,42. Corn dull and lower by 1@2c; high mixed 57¾c; low mixed 46½c; Michigan 47c; white 56c; no grade 44c. Oats dull: No. 1 35c; No. 2 33c; Michigan 33c; rejected 29c. Pork and lard dull and unchanged.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.—Flour dull; Wisconsin and Minnesota, $7,50@9,00; Indiana and Ohio $9,25@9,75. Wheat dull; red $1,79@1,80; amber $1,85. Rye dull at 75c. Corn dull; yellow 63@64c; mixed western 62c. Oats dull; white 43@45c; mixed 41c. Crude petroleum 16¾@17c; refined 22¾c. Whisky firm at 92c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 $1,30; No. 2 $1,23½c. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed 42¾c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 28½c. Rye dull; No. 1 56c. Barley firm; 57c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 red amber $1,55; No. 2 $1,45. Corn dull and lower; held at 48c. Oats dull and declined to 36½c. Refined petroleum steady and unchanged.

Cotton Markets.

MEMPHIS, June 28.—Cotton dull and low; low middling 24@24¼c.

NASHVILLE, June 28.—Cotton dull and no sales; low middling 24c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

WEST PENN, June 27.—35 bdls hides, 1 bbl tallow, G Kann; 1 bbl eggs, 3 pkgs lard, W Sanders; 4 bbls tallow, W & H Walker; 10 pkgs butter, R Krause & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, June 28.—1 car staves, H Cordier; 1 do do, C Albricht; 6 do do, E Eberly; 1 do lime, Johnston & Co; 1 do do, J K Shinn & Co; 1 car shingles, J O & E R Benedict; 3 bbls eggs, Beckfield & N; 2 bbls vinegar, Jas O'Hanlin; 12 hides, A Wetz; 6 sks wool, S Bradley & Son; 1 car shingles, D Neasee & Son; 6 hhds tobacco, R & W Jenkinson; 46 bxs soap, L O Camon; 5 bxs ink, J Washington; 8 pkgs butter, 1 do eggs, C H Morlege; 2 cars lumber, Graff, Bros; 1 do do, J H Means; 1 do do, McCain & Forrester; 1 do do, Douglass & Hays; 30 bxs starch, R Carson; 16 bxs, 5 crates starch, Jas Lockhart; 25 bxs do, S P Armstrong.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, June 28.—1 car lumber, South Pgh P M Co; 1 do do, S Side P M Co; 2 do do, Mellon Bros; 1 do do, Phillip Bros; 1 case c gum, Kramer & Co; 14 bx ink J R Weiden; 1 do do, J C Dodge; 15 bbls oil, W Flaccus & Co; 1 car lumber, Awbry W B & Co; 1 do do, W W Rigdon; 1 lot mdse, J Levy; 50 bxs starch, Dilworth Bros; 1 bxs do, Anderson & Co; 18 pkgs butter, J O'Brien; 41 bbls flour, D Wallace; 274 bgs oats, B Rafferty & Co; 300 do do, W J Meek; 258 do do, Kell & R; 281 do do, J Graham; 4 bbls eggs, W H Graff; 1 bbl wine, P Geisheimer; 3 bxs cigars, Arbuckle & Co.

PITTSBURGH, Ft. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY COMPANY, June 28.—400 bxs cheese, N J Braden; 2 bbls oil, M L Jones; 10 do do, J Shomaker; 46 bales wool, S Harbaugh & Co; 8 3bdls carriage ware, Hare Bro; 122 do do, M'Whinney & Co; 36 sks wool, W Barker & Co; 1 car shingles, Benedict & Co; 2 bbls tallow, 25 bxs onions, H Rea Jr; 5 sks platoes, S P Shriver & Co; 1 bbl eggs, Woodworth & D; 15 do whisky, 5 do gin, Milligan & Co; 2 bbls alcohol, J Henderson & Bro; 3 bales corks, Armstrong Bro; 1 bbl alcohol, M A Jones; 30 bx crackers, Kramer & V; 10 bbls spirits, M McCullough J & Co; 10 bbls alcohol, W W Fulton; 15 do whisky, J K Lanahan; 100 bbls flour, D Wallace; 1 car steel, Singer N & Co; 1 do do, Anderson & W; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY June 28.—59 bbls oil, Reese Owens; 274 sks malt, Frauenheim & V; 44 do wheat, Marshall K & Co; 25 do do oats, McHenry & H; 10 bbls eggs, J A Graff; 14 do do, W H Graff; 4 do do, E Moye & Co; 42 sks wheat, Gilmore & Co; 248 sks oats, 8 do wheat, 12 do rye, P Duff & Son; 16 cases tobacco, A Schaub; 1 car corn, D Wallace; 1 box glass, John Porterfield; 15 bbls eggs, 1 sack d apples, Loh & Cooley, 9 bxs g ware, 3 bbls do, King L & Co; 2 trunks mdse, M A Chamberlain; 8 bbls eggs, Head & C; 2 bxs felt, A Cullertson; 308 pigs lead, Bailey F & Co; 8bds tobacco, Weyman & Bro; 10 bbls frames, L J Brecht; 5 tres beef, Dalzell & T; 1 bbl ink, Pittock N & Co; 26 tres hams, 23 do meat, J H Parker; 20 do beef, W B Hays & Son; 179 bgs wheat, Marshall K & Co; 1 car hay, O H Allerton; 10 bbls potatoes, 6 do, onions, J A Graff; 2 bxs b ware, N Schwartz; 1 box books, J Horner; 10 tres beef, McCowan & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede steadily at this point, with about 6 feet in the channel last evening. Weather hot; business dull.

The arrivals since our last include the Carrie Brooks and Granite State, and quite a number of towboats.

The Brooks reports the coal fleet that left on Thursday, as getting along nicely, no accidents having occurred, that her officers were aware of. She met the Little Grant at New Cumberland, John A. Woods at "Clusters," Joseph Stone and Wm. Stone at Black's Island, Sam Roberts and Evan Williams at Wellsv ille, and Hornet at Liverpool.

Capt. Wm. B. Donaldson is in town.

The towboats Lion Samson No. 2, John Dippold, Fearless, Tom Dodsworth, D. T. Lane, Ironside and Comet, arrived, and the Whale, Resolute and Sam Parker are due.

The Juniata left Cincinnati for this port on Thursday night.

The West Virginia, Capt. Donaldson, is the regular independent Monongahela river packet to-day, leaving promptly at 3 P. M.

—The following is from the Sioux City *Journal* of the 23d: The Peninah, Capt. Shaw, cleared for Randall late last evening, with a fine load, principally for Yankton. She took more merchandise for Yankton than was ever shipped to that place by one boat. The interest in the race between the Nellie Peck and Far West, to Benton increases, the boats drawing near the goal, which each is straining every nerve to reach in advance of its competitor. From this place to Randall there was no perceptible difference in the speed of the boats, but between Randall and Sully the Far West gained thirty-six hours on the Nellie. It is rumored that some accident must have delayed Capt. Marsh; for had he been running at his usual speed, the Far West could not possibly have gained that much on him in so short a distance. Since leaving Sully the Far West has not gained an inch on the Nellie.

—The St. Louis *Democrat* says: Steamboat accidents are never frequent; they have been rarer of late than ever. While rules, regulations, and clap-traps have been multiplied upon them until the oppression can scarce be borne, what legislative restrictions do we hear of being imposed upon the rail, the locomotive, or the car proprietor? None whatever. And yet are the papers daily recording railroad horrors, involving tens, fifties, and hundreds of lives lost under the most harrowing circumstances. Verily does the steamboat interest appear to have more enemies than friends in the halls of legislation at Washington.

—This item comes from the Upper Missouri: Two deck hands—an Irishman and negro—had a rough and tumble fight, in which the Mickey bit the darkeys nose off, only to have his own nasal protuberance chawed off a moment after. The two were separated and taken to the hospital, when the surgeon stuck the dismembered organs on again, put on the bandages and left them to grow fast. Some ten days afterward the cloths were removed, when it was discovered that the darkey's nose had been attacked to the Irishman's face and *Vice Versa*. The appearance of the mess can better be imagined than described.

—An eccentric New Yorker has invented what he is pleased to term a "water velocipede." It consisted of two water-tight tubes about twenty feet long, held three feet a part by means of iron braces. A wooden horse is placed in the center, a fore and hind leg placed on each tube. Under the horse is placed a light paddle-wheel, which is worked like the driving-wheel of a velocipede, by the navigator, who sits on the back of the wooden horse. At a trial of this vessel on the Harlem river, a few days since, a very fast rate of speed was attained.

—The Camden (Ark.) *Journal* of last Thursday says: The Ouachita river is high enough to take any card in the deck, having been, for the past few days, over the bottoms, over the bushes and over some of the trees, and so high it has injured quite a number of cotton fields. We say to it, dry up a little.

—The Josephine arrived at Shreveport on the 20th, with a pretty good showing of reliability, that the steamer Hesper had been sold by Capt. Singleton to some parties from Minden, La., for $4,500. They propose to run her in Lake Bisteneau.

—There is a rumor current at Cincinnati, that the R W Skillinger will enter the Cincinnati and Madison trade as a tri-weekly packet, with Capt. Jas. B. Troy in command.

—James Mulligan, of Dubuque, sued the Illinois Central Railroad for $580 for account of freight lost, after it was reshipped on a steamer at Cairo. Judgment rendered for Mulligan.

—Capt. Henry Symmes has assumed command of the Mollie Moore, in the St. Louis and New Orleans trade.

—The R. A. Babbage is loading three barges with ore at Carondelet for Cincinnati end Ashland.

RIVER PACKETS.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI WEEKLY PACKET.—The elegant commodious steamer JUNIATA, Capt. C. L. BRENNAN, Will leave as above on TUESDAY, July 2d.

The Juniata will receipt passengers and freight through to St. Louis.

For freight or passage apply on Board or to CHARLES M. FAIRMAN, jo8 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

MONONGAHELA RIVER.

FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.—The New and Light Draught Passenger steamer WAVE MASTER, Will leave for the above and intermediate points, Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., for Monongahela and intermediate ports. Returning, leaves Brownsville for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of fe22:364 S. R. PATTERSON, Agent.

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LAING & M'KALLIP,

Wholesale Dealers in

GRAIN FLOUR AND FEED

Louisville and Rosendale Hydraulic Cement.

PERRYSBURG WHITE LIME,

AND ANTHRACITE COAL.

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LAW & McDOWELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

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No. 52 SOUTH DIAMOND STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, Pa.

Orders for shipment promptly executed. Particular attention given to consignment of all kinds of Country Produce. ap12:tf

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TATE, ECKELS & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

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And all kinds of Produce. Particular attention paid to consignments. No. 97 FIRST St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ap11:p4

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McMILLAN, MORRISON & CO.,

Wholesale Produce Commission Merchants,

And dealers in Flour, Grain, Bacon, Lard, Cheese, Butter, Eggs, Cider, Apples, Onions, Potatoes and Country Produce generally. No. 303 LIBERTY ST., opposite the mouth of Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Orders for shipments and consignments solicited and promptly attended to. Liberal cash advance on receipt of goods. ap4:o55

New Orleans SUGAR.

New crop good and prime New Orleans Sugar.

First of the Season.

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WHOLESALE GROCERS,

No. 243 Liberty Street,

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And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR.

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JOHN SHIPTON. A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

FURNITURE, &c.

J. WECKESSER, C. SCHENLE. C. SONNENFROTH, H. RECKER.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

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FURNITURE AND UPHOLSTERY.

No. 127 Federal Street,

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Clarke's New Method FOR Reed Organs,

Price, $2.50.

Is so universally regarded as a STANDARD METHOD that an abbreviation is only needed as a reminder. The music is so attractive that the student will retain it as a book of Organ Pieces, after finishing the instructive course.

A fine colored picture of Dolly Vardens on the titles of DOLLY VARDEN Song. DOLLY VARDEN Galop. DOLLY VARDEN Schottische, and DOLLY VARDEN Waltz. Each piece 50 cents.

EATON'S METHOD FOR THE CORNET,

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Is now in season. All who wish to make a noise in the world may easily accomplish it by taking up the beautiful and exhilarating instrument, with the aid of this excellent Method.

Gems of German Song. Gems of Sacred Song. Gems of Scottish Song. Wreath of Gems.

The above collections of Vocal Gems contain each 300 to 350 pages full of the choicest German, Scottish, Sacred or Miscellaneous songs. Very valuable and very moderate in price. $2.50 in Boards; $3.00 in Cloth; $4.00 Full Gilt.

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BY

HIGH OR LOW PRESSURE.

Estimates furnished on application. Send for pamphlet, with references, to

GEO. W. BLAKE,

215 Centre Street, New York.

o28-d3

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, June 28.—Consols: money, 92¼; account, 92¾; 5-20s of '62, 91; do '65, 92; do '67, 91¾; 10-40s 89¾.

FRANKFORT, June 28.—5-20s of '62, 96.

PARIS, June 28.—Rentes, 53f 72c.

LIVERPOOL, June 27.—Cotton quiet; middling upland 11¾d. Breadstuffs quiet. Red spring wheat 11s 8d@12s; red winter 12s 6d. Flour 28s. Corn 26s 9d.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Except small business doing in prints of kinds most in request during the past month, and continued and increased firmness of printing cloths, there is no movement to report; printing cloths very buoyant at 8¼c spot 64x64 extras; seconds remain as quoted in the dispatch of yesterday; higher quotations have been given, but the above represents the ruling prices; many printers are closed for the rest of the month, and large deliveries are expected after the first, but makers, though desirous of securing long futures, are very firm as to the present, and the continuance of July. Other domestics are comparatively dull and unsettled, without transactions sufficient to establish the market beyond a nominal one. Eighty-eight commission houses will close from the evening of July 3 until Monday, July 8, except an attendance sufficient to look after drafts and deliveries. Foreign goods dull, and buyers are returning from Europe after making first purchases, which are understood to be moderate in amount. At auction to-day 15 lots 22 inch Crefeld black silk velvet were sold as under the usual figures, $3,20, $3,25, $3,35. Three lots $3,40, $3,70, $3,82½.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Beeves to-day 1,100, making 1,600 for the week, against 9,600 last week; stock not all sold; trade very slow, poor cattle rather lower; good steers unchanged; 3 cars of rough Texas, 1,140 lbs, 5c, 56 lbs per cwt; 5 cars coarse 7¼ cwt Indiana 10¼@11½c. Sheep: 4,000 to-day and 15,000 since Saturday, against 15,700 last week; fat sheep still fairly at 6½@6¾c; poor go up slowly at 5@5½c. Lambs 8@11¾c for most stock; fat lots, 60 lbs., going at 11c. Hogs: 36 cars, making 31,500 since last Saturday, against 32,000 last week; prices declined to 5½@5¾c for dressed.

BUFFALO, June 28.—Cattle: receipts to-day 663 head, making the supply for the week 8,891, against 9,622 last week; market sluggish at yesterday's prices; the operations are not sufficient to indicate the market; there are but few cattle in the yard except Texan, for which there is no inquiry; buyers are scarce; sales of 101 Illinois steers of 1,141 to 1,220 lbs at $5,75@6,12½; 35 Mich. steers of 1,165 to 1,243 lbs at $4,90@5,85; 20 Texas steers of 1,196 lbs at $4,10; 19 mixed steers of 1,150 lbs at $5,25; 16 Ohio cows of 1,165 lbs at $5,00. Sheep: receipts to-day 3,400, making total supply for week 9,400. The market is bare of stock, and no sales. Prices rule at $5,00@5,50 for Canada lambs; $4,50@5,25 for Western sheep; $5,00 for Canada do.; extra quality of Western would command $5,75. Hogs: receipts 2,500, making the supply for the week 10,100 against 13,900 last week. The market continues firm at $4,50@4,75. Local demand about supplied, with no inquiry for shipping, with few in pens, and none offering. Sales of 114 head Ohio, 163 lbs, $4,65; 395 head do., 243 to 268 lbs, $4,75.

New York.

NEW YORK, June 28.—Cotton easy; sales of 1,000 bales; middling upland 26½c. Flour dull, heavy and lower; superfine western and State $5,40@5,90; common to good extra $6,30@6,80; white wheat western $7,75@9,25; extra St. Louis $7,75@11,75. Rye Flour heavy at $4,00@4,90. Corn Meal unchanged. Whisky dull at 91c. Wheat lower; No 2 Milwaukee to arrive $1,57@1,58; white western $1,70@1,75. Barley and Malt unchanged. Corn a shade easier; steamer western mixed 63½@64c; sail 64½@65c; yellow 65@66c; prime white 80c. Oats dull; western 43@45c; Ohio 46@48c. Eggs firm at 17@21c. Hay steady; shipping $1,10@1,20. Hops steady. Coffee firm: Rio 16¼@19¼c. Sugar firm: fair to good refining 8¾@9c; Cuba 8½@9c. Molasses dull and unchanged. Rice quiet at 9@9¾c. Crude petroleum 12¾c; refined 22½c. Turpentine quiet at 52@52½c. Pork steady; mess $13,25@13,30; prime mess $12,50@12,75. Beef dull; hams dull at $20@24; tierce quiet. Hams 9@12¾c; shoulders 5¼@5¾c; middles quiet; long clear 7¾c. Lard dull and heavy; No. 1 to prime steam 8¾@9¾c; kettle 9½c. Butter steady; western 10@16c. Cheese heavy; new 9@12¾c.

New Orleans

NEW ORLEANS, June 28.—Flour dull; jobbing choice to treble extra $8,75; choice to extra $9,50@10. Corn quiet; mixed 57@58c; white 60@62c. Oats active at 42@46c. Hay dull; prime $25@27; choice $28@30. Bran firm at $13,00. Pork dull; mess $12,75. Bacon: firmer at 6¾@8@8¼c; hams, choice sugar cured, 12¼@12¾c. Lard dull; tierce packers 8¾c; refined 9¼c; keg, kettle, $10,25; refined $10,75. Sugar dull; low to good fair 5¼@8¾c. Molasses, no stock. Whisky 87@90c. Coffee quiet; ordinary to prime 17@19½c. Cotton quiet; sales 500; good ordinary 22¾c.; low middling 23¾c.; middlings 24½c.; receipts 278; no exports; stock 5,272; weeks' sales 2,500; net receipts 818; gross 820; exports to Cronstadt 400; coastwise 2,153.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, June 28.—Cotton dull; low middlings 24¾c. Flour firmer; $7,25@8,00. Wheat: red stronger; No. $1,50. Corn steady but quiet; 57@58c. Oats neglected; 34@37c. Rye dull and drooping; 77@80c. Barley nominal; prime 75c. Linseed oil quiet; 93c; lard oil steady 68@70c. Eggs firmer; 12@13c. Butter steady with ample supply; 10@20c. Cheese: good demand; 11¾@12c for fancy. Mess pork: regular $12,00@12,25. Bulk meats firm; shoulders 4¾c; rib sides 6¼c; clear rib 6¾c; clear 6¾c. Bacon active; sales of shoulders 5¼c; clear rib 7¼c; clear 7½c; sugar cured hams 12@12¾c. Lard quiet; kettle held at 8¾c; prime steam 8¾c. Whiskey 1 cent lower; sales at 86c. Hogs in good demand, $4,00@5,50; receipts 750.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat active; opened weak and irregular; closed firmer $1,22 cash; $1,21¼ July; $1,22 August. Corn dull, 41¼@42c cash, 42¾@44@44¾c August. Oats 28¾c cash; 28¾@29c July. Rye: No. 2 quiet and firmer; 57¾c. Barley quiet 55c. Mess pork steady and firm; $12,50@12,55 cash. Lard easier; $8,55. Hams in pickle firm; 9¼@12c. Bulk meats firmer; shoulders 4¾@4¾c; short rib 6¾@6¾c. Whisky quiet and steady; sales at 86c. Hogs dull and weak; $3,75@4,05.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 28.—Tobacco: sales of 187 hhds; prices not materially changed. Bagging 16¾@18¾@20c. Cotton quiet; middling 25¼c. Flour dull; extra family $6,75. Grain nominal; small lots of new arriving, but no sales. Mess pork steady; $12,00 cash. Bacon quiet at 5¾@7¼@7¾c. Bulk meats firm; 4¾@6¾@6¾c. Hams: s. c. 12¼@12¾c. Lard firm at 9@10c; order lots ¼c higher on above quotations. Whisky 85@86c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and 3@3c lower; No. 1 white Michigan $1,50; amber Michigan $1,44@1,46; No 2 red Wabash $1,42. Corn dull and lower by 1@2c; high mixed 57¾c; low mixed 46½c; Michigan 47c; white 56c; no grade 44c. Oats dull: No. 1 35c; No. 2 33c; Michigan 33c; rejected 29c. Pork and lard dull and unchanged.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, June 28.—Flour dull; Wisconsin and Minnesota, $7,50@9,00; Indiana and Ohio $9,25@9,75. Wheat dull; red $1,79@1,80; amber $1,85. Rye dull at 75c. Corn dull; yellow 63@64c; mixed western 62c. Oats dull; white 43@45c; mixed 41c. Crude petroleum 16¾@17c; refined 22¾c. Whisky firm at 92c.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 $1,30; No. 2 $1,23½c. Corn dull; No. 2 mixed 42¾c. Oats dull and lower; No. 2 28½c. Rye dull; No. 1 56c. Barley firm; 57c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, June 28.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and lower; No. 1 red amber $1,55; No. 2 $1,45. Corn dull and lower; held at 48c. Oats dull and declined to 36½c. Refined petroleum steady and unchanged.

Cotton Markets.

MEMPHIS, June 28.—Cotton dull and low; low middling 24@24¼c.

NASHVILLE, June 28.—Cotton dull and no sales; low middling 24c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

WEST PENN, June 27.—35 bdls hides, 1 bbl t

HOME NEWS.

Letters Held for Postage—Mrs. E. B. Evans, Orrville, Ohio, 3c; Mary J. Latta, Dyersville, Tenn., 3c; John Russell, Columbus, Ohio, 3c; Wm. Whitaker, Minerva, Ohio, 3c; A. Scheirz, Hoboken, N. J., 3c.

If you want a fine family carriage, or a sulky, or a road wagon, or a springy comfortable riding buggy, or a barouche or anything in that line patronize home industries, and by so doing get an article cheaper and equally as good as those of Eastern make, at Workman & Davis's, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn avenue.

City Hall Commission.

A meeting of the City Hall Commission was held last evening to transact some business connected with the new City Building. Col. Shannon was elected Janitor of the Building. The bills of the new fire alarm telegraph apparatus were presented and ordered to be paid.

Slight Fire.

About noon yesterday a slight fire occurred at an emigrant house kept by Mrs. Neibowet, at No. 399 Penn street. The fire was caused by one of the boarders, who was lying on a bed smoking his pipe. He displayed the most cool deliberation in his efforts to extinguish the flames he that was ever witnessed. As soon as he observed that the bed clothes were fairly in flames he slowly down from the third floor, and saying a word to anyone, and procuring bucket he walked slowly out on the street and gan filling his bucket, and was about to return, when the smoke attracted attention, an alarm was sounded, and the flames extinguished without much lost.

A Wrecker on Shore.

An information was yesterday made before Alderman McMasters, against Edward Gormly by John Griffin, charging the defendent with malicious mischief. The defendant resides at a place known as the "shades of Death," on the Steubenville pike about six miles from this city. The Superintendent of the pike who makes the information alleges that Gormly dug a large hole in the middle of the pike opposite his house, for the evident intention of robbing those who happened to wreck their vehicles in the hole. Already several buggies and wagons have run into the hole and have been demolished, and it has been noticed that the defendant always rushes from his house, eager to render all the assistance in his power, but really with the intention of laying his hands upon anything that may be convenient. It is proposed to bring an end to this little game, and a warrant has been issued for the arrest of Gormly.

Herron and Bates.

As will be seen in our advertising columns Colonel Wm. A. Herron and Mr. F. A. Bates, both well-known gentlemen of high integrity and business qualifications have formed a copartnership for the purpose of carrying on a *purely commission* business in real estate stocks, bonds, mortgages, etc. The single feature of buying and selling *strictly on commission*, thus enabling the firm at all times to give their entire attention to their customers. The new firm will enter at once upon the discharge of their work, having already secured a large amount of property to dispose of, and will also be in daily communication with responsible buyers. To any of our readers having real estate, bonds, stocks, etc., to sell, or any who wish to invest, we cordially recommend the new firm as reliable in every way, and abundantly prepared to give the largest measure of satisfaction. Herron & Bates will be found at their office in the St. Charles Hotel building.

The Sherman Street Public Schools,

Under Prof. Neale, closed their week's exercises and the Spring Term of the school yesterday. At 3 o'clock P. M. the contest of the reading class for a prize offered by Mr. Walker to the scholar that should be adjudged the best reader—a number engaged in the friendly rivalry. The prize was awarded to Miss Florence Simpson. Peterson, Woodson and the committee found it [illegible] and to attest this, [illegible] be presented to each of [illegible] part of the committee a chorus was sung by a number of trained girls who are to sing the same at the opening of the entertainments on the 8th and 9th of July, elsewhere referred to in this paper.

We have attended several of the annual exhibitions of this school, and concur with other visitors in the opinion that a most gratifying improvement is manifested. An unusual number of scholars have been advanced from lower to higher grades, and the number who, by study and good conduct are in the classes of honor, was never so large before. Professor Neale has labored most assiduously, and if the whole community could witness, as we have done, the results of his labors on more than a hundred pupils, his services, we doubt not, would be more appreciated and better rewarded. A fine opportunity will be presented on the occasion of his entertainment, to be given at the Academy of [illegible] 8th and 9th proximo for such a [illegible] of his services as he has well [illegible] has made extraordinary efforts to [illegible] upils for the coming occasion, and [illegible] ay it deliberately, that the exhibition will be worthy also of liberal patronage.

Episcopal Classical Academy, 64 Grant Street.

The final examinations of the school year were held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of this week, the Bishop and several gentlemen being present and assisting. The classes in the various English studies and mathematics were under the charge of the Rector, the Rev. T. L. Bellam, those in the classics and modern languages were taught by his assistant, Mr. Francis Schmidt. The examinations gave evidence, as usual, of the thorough and efficient training by the teachers, and of even more than usual diligence and success in study by the pupils. Yesterday morning the closing exercises of the session were held in the large school-room. Among others there were present the Bishop, the Rev. Messrs. Scarborough, Finch and Kerfoot, and E. P. Jones, Esq., and Hill Burgwin, Esq. The occasion was a great satisfaction to the visitors, several of whom had been present at the examinations. Essays were read by Masters John Robb, J. and H. Burgwin, and declamations made by Masters Rodgers, Matthews, Fox, Friedrichs (an German), Risk, C. and E. Jones and A. Burgwin. Some good words to the boys were pleasantly spoken to by some of the visitors. Prizes, the gifts of friends of the school, were awarded as follows: For excellence in study and conduct, to John Burgwin, of class 4; Joseph Risk, of class 5; Charles Jones, of class 3. For punctual and regular attendance, to George Preston and C. Fox. Visitors all notice with pleasure the large, well-lighted, well ventilated, amply furnished study and class rooms (in the new building, 64 Grant street), which add so much to the comfort and efficiency of the school, which is, without doubt, one of the very best select schools for boys in the city or country.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

Before Alderman Taylor, Ellen Kyle charges Mary Laughlin with surety of the peace in [illegible] to kill deponent and her infant [illegible] makes an information [illegible] her with [illegible] Kearney, were [illegible] $25 each, for creating a [illegible] street. Dettmer paid his [illegible] to the Work House.

Before Alderman Hyndman yesterday made before [illegible] W. Leech, who [illegible] wife upon [illegible] him as [illegible] ding his life. Justice [illegible] der-man's office the prisoner [illegible] Mr. Leech and knocked him [illegible] bow-ses two charges of assault a [illegible] to an-swer.

Lizzie Thompson was yes[illegible] to the Work House for thirty days [illegible] more.

Joseph Cook, a vagrant [illegible] erday re-[illegible] to the Work House for [illegible] s.

[illegible] cases [illegible] morning.

OHIO RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Commissioner's Meeting at Cincinnati.

The Cincinnati *Gazette* of Friday, says:

The commissioners appointed to consider the Ohio River improvements and to consider the late Convention, held [illegible]ay morning, composed of [illegible]ton Hulbert, of Kentucky, [illegible] of the following additional [illegible] presented their credentials [illegible]eived and filed: Capt. Charles Carroll, Halliday.

The following [illegible] Noble, were added:

Resolved, That the Committee on Commerce and Statistics, appointed at the convention held February 20th and 21st, be requested to confer with the Commissioners, at their [illegible] November.

[illegible] relation to the [illegible] commerce and extent of navigation on the Ohio River and its tributaries.

Resolved, That the Executive Committee provided for at the Ohio River Improvement Convention in February, to take charge of the subjects presented to the convention, be requested to lay before these Commissioners, at their adjourned meeting to be held on the 16th of September, all their action in the premises up to that time, with such information as they may have obtained that would be valuable.

Thomas J. Sherlock, Esq., of Ohio, presented the following, which was adopted:

[illegible], That in view of the small appropriation by Congress at its last session for improvement of the Ohio River and the harbor at the chairman of this commission be urged upon the officers having in charge that fund the very great importance of the [illegible] for the removal of several fine [illegible] of greater portion of the morning's session was devoted to [illegible] having finished its present business, adjourned to meet again in this city on the [illegible] of September next.

BREVITIES.

THE gas receiver of the Consolidated Gas Company is nearly finished.

THE new freight depot of the Allegheny Valley Railroad will soon be completed.

THE Fire Alarm telegraph operators with their apparatus were yesterday removed to their new quarters in Municipal Hall.

MR. T. T. TAYLOR has been elected Principal of the West Pittsburgh schools. He was formerly Principal of the Etna schools.

WE would call the attention of those interested to an advertisement on the first page of to-day's paper, headed "Foreman Wanted."

A COUNTRYMAN was fined five dollars and costs last evening by Mayor Catlow for using a liquid measure quart in selling berries.

THE Committee on Teachers and salaries of the Allegheny Board of Control will meet this evening at City Hall at 8 o'clock sharp.

MR. BENOIT, the agent for Signor Blitz, is an obliging and competent manager. We are glad to see him in the city after a long absence.

A MAN named James Graham was yesterday arrested for undressing himself and taking a bath in a pond on Enoch street. He was locked up for a hearing in the Eleventh ward station-house.

MISFORTUNES, we are told, never come singly, the truth of which the editor of the McKeesport *Paragon* illustrated last week. He knocked the form of his paper into pi, and got married the same week.

THE COMMENCEMENT exercises of the Beaver Educational and Musical Institute of Beaver, Pa., on Thursday evening were very fine. The programme was an exceedingly good one, and well carried out.

A WOMAN who was driving to market in East Birmingham attempted to cross the railroad track in front of an approaching train. Her wagon was completely demolished and the woman made a narrow escape.

A MAN was driving over a bridge on Brady street, Allegheny, yesterday, when the bridge gave way and the wagon fell through. The wagon was badly damaged, and the horse was injured severely, but the driver escaped.

YESTERDAY morning Prothonotary Ross issued a capias against Conrad Wagner on a charge of slander, the complainant being Archy Tailor who states that Wagner called him a thief. The defendant was required to give bail in $500.

A WORKMAN in the Excelsior Coffin works of Allegheny, was replacing a belt yesterday, when he was caught in some way by the belt, and thrown violently to the ground. He was taken up in an insensible condition and found to be badly bruised, though no bones were broken.

A PAINTER employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad named Barber yesterday attempted to get on a running train at the Anderson street crossing, Allegheny, missed his footing and thus fell under the wheels and had both legs fearfully crushed. It is thought that amputation will be necessary.

A DISPATCH was received Thursday from Lieutenant Hess, of the Philadelphia police, announcing the fact that two hundred and ninety dollars worth of stamps, stolen with the bonds from the Iron and Glass Dollar Savings Bank, of Birmingham, had been recovered. The stamps of H. Sutmeyer, Bro. & Co., corner Federal and South Diamond streets, Allegheny. The firm makes a specialty of children's suits, having on hand a large and fresh supply of ready-made clothing, and customers will find their goods not only substantial in quality and reasonable in price, but neat and comfortable in their fit.

[illegible] about seven o'clock, a little girl [illegible] Ward, about ten years or age, [illegible] g on a raft in the Allegheny river, [illegible] fell into the river and was [illegible] after half an hour's search the body was found and removed to the residence of her father, Charles Ward, in First avenue.

GEN. JAS. S. NEGLEY arrived home yesterday looking well after his arduous work at Washington. He thinks he will have no trouble in getting the appropriation for new Government buildings at Pittsburgh through the next session of Congress, although he had quite a struggle to pass it through the House at the end of the recent session.

THE project of the new railroad known as the Saw Mill Run Railroad is approaching tangible shape, and surveyors are already engaged upon the proposed route. The right of way has been purchased, and instead of running under the Pan Handle Railroad as at present, the new road will connect with it, and passenger and freight trains will be run regularly.

WE HAD the pleasure of a call yesterday from Messrs. D. Robert Barclay and James Barclay of St. Louis, journalists of high fame. The former is connected with the principal paper of St. Louis, a position in which, in addition to his position as an Attorney, he has made high mark. The latter was formerly the business manager of *The Paper*, of this city.

YESTERDAY forenoon while Mr. Booth, of East Birmingham, was at work at the foot of Fifteenth street, his little son, about five years of age, fell into the river, and before his father had missed him, he was drowned. The body was recovered and removed to his home, where Coroner West held an Inquest, and a verdict of accidental drowning was returned.

YESTERDAY afternoon about one o'clock the coal cars filled with coal on the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad broke loose and ran down the incline. Several men were working on the track below, but managed to get out of the way, and no one was hurt. At the bottom the cars struck a huge beam with a tremendous force, breaking entirely through it.

ABOUT six o'clock last evening George Lightcap was getting out of a buggy on Sixth avenue when the horse became suddenly frightened and ran at a frightful rate up Sixth avenue to Smithfield street. Turning up Smithfield the horse took to the pavement, and for a few moments made dry goods boxes fly around in a decidedly lively manner. The buggy finally struck a post and was broken loose from the horse. Fortunately no one was injured, and no damage was done except to demolish the buggy. The horse and buggy were owned by Kalston, of Allegheny. The horse was caught after a long chase, on Liberty street.

School Teachers Elected—Forbes District Board Meeting.

The Forbes district School Board held a special meeting last evening, for the purpose of electing teachers for the ensuing year.

Mr. Hamilton presented the resignation of Miss M. Aggie Lupton, which was accepted, and on motion the secretary was instructed to express to Miss Lupton the regrets of the Board at losing her services.

The following teachers were then unanimously elected for the ensuing year:

ASH STREET BUILDING.

Principal—L. H. Eaton.

Grammar Department—Misses Mary D. Garvin, Emma D. Wallace, Eliza W. Lompre.

Intermediate—Misses Amelia Witherow, Alice J. Jackson, Bessie J. Bragdon, Jennie Simpson.

Primary—Misses Emma Neely, Lizzie McClaren, Amelia McCreary, Aggie McFadden, Cornelia J. Randolph, Augusta L. Haller, Tillie Morgan.

Janitor—John A. Zeidler.

SECOND AVENUE BUILDING.

Grammar—Annie M. Witler.

Primary—Eliza J. McNeely.

Janitress—Miss Harriet Clark.

A charming appearance is always pre. sented by the male kind who patronize the splendid summer suits at $8.50; price elsewhere $15.

Summer suits at $5; price elsewhere $10.

Dress suits at $18; price elsewhere $25.

Street suits at $12; price elsewhere $20.

Business suits at $10; price elsewhere $18.

Boys' suits, all wool, at $5; price elsewhere $8.

The great $1 coats.

The great $5 suits.

All summer goods reduced. The public are invited to call and examine prices, and compare with any other establishment. Assortment the most complete. Styles the latest. The make-[illegible] of everything far excelling ordinary ready-[illegible] at T. Tobias, Big 13, Sixth [illegible] the popular clothier, who [illegible]

[illegible] The fame of these celebrated sca[illegible] wide, and the demand for them so extensive, that the great factory at Brandon, where they are made, extensive as it is, covering several several acres of ground is being enlarged to enable them to fill their orders promptly.

Passing their warehouse here No. 63 Wood street, we found their agents Messrs. Louder & McClurg, busy filling orders, and noted particularly one large twenty ton wagon scale marked for one of the large mining companies of the Rocky Mountains. They are also putting up several large scales for our coal men and rolling mills, and so great is their accuracy that when ever once introduced they supersede all the old fashioned check rod scales.

Practical jewelers are employed at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street, to give especial attention to the manufacture of any style of jewelry, and to repair rings, lockets bracelets, &c., which may have gotten out of order. Leave your old jewelry which you prize as a keepsake at this place and it will be made almost as good as new.

Summer Suits.

[illegible]e in any garment [illegible]n the make-up,— [illegible]e quality of the [illegible] special attention as Hespenheide & Co.'s, the merchant tailoring establishment at No. 50 Sixth street, where gentlemen will find a full line of summer goods, everything being fresh, and just purchased to suit the wants of patrons. If you want a summer suit, you can easily be satisfied at Hespenheide & [illegible]e guarantee the garments will be [illegible]ill always give you satisfaction.

[illegible] want a nice, comfortable, cool hat [illegible]ourth," and you can easily obtain, any style you desire, at Pratt's, No. 107 Federal street, Allegheny. There is a large stock to select from, and [illegible]s are the lowest. Drop into Pratt's [illegible] secure what you want at once. It [illegible] suit your own comfort in this [illegible]

Eight Hou.

A movement is on foot to ma[illegible] day's labor. Workmen using the [illegible] Domestic find this time sufficient to [illegible] wages.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
20 Sixth S[illegible]

The Domestic.

The only faithful Domestic is the Sewing Machine known as the Light-Running Domestic.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
No. 20 Sixth street.

The finest assortment of jewelry, that has been brought to the city for many a day will be found on hand at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield [illegible]

THE COURTS:

Yesterday's Proceedings.

CRIMINAL COURT—JUDGE [illegible]ERRETT AND COL-

The following business was disposed of in this court yesterday:

In the case of John Leech, who was charged with complicated with McGovern in the forgery of notes cashed at the Union National Bank, the jury found a verdict of not guilty.

Wm. Clarke Cravener and Ambrose Whalen, indicted for burglariously entering the house of Wm. Berry, in South Pittsburgh, were placed on trial. After the defendants had been arraigned, the plea of not guilty was withdrawn and a plea of guilty entered.

Martin Myers plead *nolle contendre* to an indictment for malicious mischief.

John Argyle, of Penn township, plead guilty to selling liquor in violation of the act of April 9, 1870, and was sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs of prosecution.

The next case taken up was that of Samuel Crozier and John Gorman, alias "Black Jack." The defendants were indicted for burglariously entering the dry goods store of Mr. Semple, on Federal street, Allegheny, and after binding and blindfolding the watchman, blew up the safe, stealing money and valuable papers. The robbery was committed in February last and at the March term the defendants were tried and convicted. A motion for a new trial was made, and after argument was granted, and the case came up again this morning. District Attorney Bayne and W. D. Moore, Esq., appeared on behalf of the Commonwealth, and R. M. Gibson and A. G. Cochrane, Esq., for the defense.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth vs:	
John Speiler,	Thos. Kuff,
John Emmet,	Rush Morgan,
Pat Burke,	Charles Bunton,
Pat Enright,	Christian Dening,
Thomas Burnes,	Mary Mangin,
Wm. Cortiss,	John Haflaker,
Wm. J. Cappir,	Henry Wilson,
Robert Nully.	

Eight Hours.

A movement is on foot to make eight hours a day's labor. Workmen using the light running Domestic find this time sufficient to earn a day's wages.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
20 Sixth Street.

The Domestic.

The only faithful Domestic is the Sewing Machine known as the Light-Running Domestic.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
No. 20 Sixth street.

You need go no farther than Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street to get anything in the line of watches, clocks, jewelry, statuettes, parlor ornaments, &c., for you will find a rich assortment of this class of goods on hand there.

The Intense Warm Weather which is fairly upon strongly suggests to every considerate person the propriety and importance of a change clothing from the heavy winter garments to something more light and comfortable. In looking for a place to make such purchases we can strongly recommend the house of H. Sutmeyer, Bro. & Co., corner Federal and South Diamond streets, Allegheny. The firm makes a specialty of children's suits, having on hand a large and fresh supply of ready-made clothing, and customers will find their goods not only substantial in quality and reasonable in price, but neat and comfortable in their fit.

Get an A. B. & O.

Get an A. B. & O.
Get an A. B. & O.
Get an A. B. & O.
Get an A. B. & O.
Get an A. B. & O.

If you want a first class article get an American Button-hole & Overseaming Sewing Machine from Mr. James Espy, 178 Liberty street.

Eight Hours.

A movement is on foot to make eight hours a day's labor. Workmen using the light running Domestic find this time sufficient to earn a day's wages.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
20 Sixth Street.

The Domestic.

The only faithful Domestic is the Sewing Machine known as the Light-Running Domestic.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
No. 20 Sixth street.

There are no old goods to work off at the Boston One-Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street, but everything is of the latest style, good in quality, and comfortable in fit. Don't allow yourself to be worn out with the summer's heat, but make yourself cool in one of these summer suits.

In anticipation of the summer trade Messrs. Workman & Davis, our well known carriage manufacturers, have supplied themselves with a fine lot of buggies, barouches, carriages and road wagons for pleasure driving, which are on exhibition and for sale at every vehicle warerooms—at their warerooms, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street.

Keep the Hair Unblemished.

"I am like an old hemlock—withered at the top," said a venerable Indian Chief, pointing to his thin and bleeching locks. Thousands of men and women in civilized society, much younger than the old Sagamore, are like him, "withered at the top," simply because they have neglected to use the means of preserving and beautifying the hair which science had placed at their disposal. If LYON'S KATHAIRON be faithfully applied once or twice a day, to the fibres and the scalp, it is fust as impossible that the hair should decay, whither, fall out or become harsh and fuzzy, as that a meadow, duly refreshed with nightly dews and sunlit rains, should become arid and barren of green blades. This matchless preparation not only keeps the hair alive and the skin of the head in a healthy and clean condition, but actually multiplies the filaments and imparts to them a lustre, flexibility and wavy beauty unattainable by any other mode of treatment. It does not, like the metallic and sulphurous hair dyes, dry up the natural moisture of the scalp, but supplies nutriment to the roots of the hair and vigor to the fibres.

T-TH-S&S.

Don't Forget in your search after neat presents that there is a large stock of goods, any article of which would make a neat present, on hand at Haslett & Kennedy's No. 78 Smithfield street.

The Summer is now upon us with all its scorching heat, and it becomes all of us who desire to preserve health, to array ourselves in garments suitable for the season—such as may be had so cheaply at the Boston One-Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street.

Eight Hours.

A movement is on foot to make eight hours a day's labor. Workmen using the light running Domestic find this time sufficient to earn a day's wages.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
20 Sixth Street.

Queen of the Road.

Among the great variety of plain and stylish carriages to be always seen at the extensive Bazaar of C. West & Co., Nos. 75, 77 and 79 Liberty street, will be found an improved patent *Buck Wagon*, quite peculiar in construction, very light, very strong, and very cheap; the spring is unusually strong, and yet so flexible and its motions so easy and gentle, that we feel sure they will grow rapidly into popular favor and prove to be, as they are called, the "Queen of the Road." Orders for them are coming in rapidly.

Passing away! passing away!
Each Tooth Wash of a former day.
SOZODONT gives the *coup de grace*,
Good-bye to the humbugs! let them pass.

The Eastern manufacturers have found a [illegible]thy rival in the manufacture of carriages, [illegible] to our home firm, Workman & Da[illegible] them in beauty and dura[illegible]ip, but there the rivalry [illegible] manufacturers have the ad[illegible] prices at which their goods [illegible] bazaar, 167, 169 and 171 Penn street.

The Scorching

rays of the summer sun, will not have half the effect upon you in a linen suit that they would otherwise have, and you should not delay in obtaining one of these by calling at the Boston One Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street.

Ladies who want a Sewing Machine that will really do all the work of a first-class seamstress, and do it much better than it can be done by hand, should call upon Mr. James Espy, No. 178 Liberty street, and purchase an American Button-hole & Overseaming Machine.

Eight Hours.

A movement is on foot to make eight hours a day's labor. Workmen using the light running Domestic find this time sufficient to earn a day's wages.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
20 Sixth Street.

The Domestic.

The only faithful Domestic is the Sewing Machine known as the Light-Running Domestic.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
No. 20 Sixth street.

If you want a good watch, one that can be relied upon to keep correct time, call at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street, and your wants may be supplied.

The Duquesne Wagon Works

of Messrs. C. COLEMAN & SON, on Marion avenue Allegheny, is turning out some of the best and best-finished work to be found in any American shop, East or West, including, *Burn, Southern* and *Platform Spring Wagons*, and as a specialty, *the Combined Patent Self-Oiling Iron Axle, Thimble Skein Wagon*, surpassing all others in durability, lightness of draught and cheapness; also, all descriptions of Wagons, Carts, Wheelbarrows, etc. Only the best materials used, and only the best workmen employed. Prices 15 to 25 per cent lower than the East. All work warranted. Address C. COLEMAN & SON, Allegheny City, Pa.

S.S.

[illegible]nt and Wilson is the ticket which will [illegible]e State and the Union, while Uriling, [illegible] & Co. will continue to supply both [illegible]anquished with the neatest cloth [illegible]t reasonable prices and on the [illegible]their establishment Southwest [illegible]e and Wood street.

Hot Sa[illegible] the day was yesterday there [illegible] who kept comparatively cool by [illegible] and those were they who had [illegible] provide themselves with summer [illegible] the Boston One Price Clothing [illegible] Smithfield street, Howard's block.

The ink with which Fee & [illegible] manufactured by the Diamond [illegible] this city. Our [illegible] pressman says he has [illegible] any he liked so well.

DEATH OF AN HEIRESS.

Sudden Departure for the World Beyond of the Heiress of the McCabe Estate—Now for More Litigation.

The death of Mr. James McCabe, a formerly well known street contractor, who left a will devising some one hundred and fifty thousand dollars to be divided among his friends, relatives and charitable objects, is fresh in the minds of our readers. The deceased left several wills. There was a contest. It ran through several months before the Court of Registrar Gray, and, finally, a decision was reached this week. It was partially in favor of the Roman Catholic Church, in a bequest to the St. Paul's Orphan Asylum in an amount not exceeding five thousand dollars. The death of Miss McCabe again opens up the whole question on the legality of the will, and we expect a rich treat in the legal line of confusion. The estate is a valuable one, and now, as there are so many claimants, it will become an important one.

Get a Clock for your home—one of those reliable time-keepers which never give trouble,—from Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street.

Eight Hours.

A movement is on foot to make eight hours a day's labor. Workmen using the light running Domestic find this time sufficient to earn a day's wages.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
20 Sixth Street.

The Domestic.

The only faithful Domestic is the Sewing Machine known as the Light-Running Domestic.

R. W. STEADMAN & Co.,
No. 20 Sixth street.

Make Yourself cool and comfortable by purchasing a linen suit—cheap as dirt—at the Boston One Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street, Howard's block.

One of the specialties of the American Button-hole and Overseaming Machine is the arrangement by which it can be made to work button-holes in garments, and do "overseaming" more neatly than can be done by hand. Call at 178 Liberty street, and see the machine working.

There is no excuse now for sweltering under heavy garments, since you can purchase for a mere song a full summer suit, at the Boston One Price Clothing Store, No. 95 Smithfield street.

Everybody Should

Go to the closing out sale of summer clothing at Big 13, Sixth street. All goods reduced.

Great Closing

Out sale of summer clothing at Big 13, Sixth street.

Have you tried the Central Shaving Saloon's baths? Drop in to-day and take a swim. Everything complete and tasty. Remember, they are in the Central Hotel. Entrance from Smithfield street.

Rings.—That is rings of the jewelry kind, on hand in every variety of style and finish at Haslett & Kennedy's, No. 78 Smithfield street.

MARRIED:

HOLMES—WILTON—On June 27th, at St. Stephen's Church, Sewickley, by the Rev. S. Moore, Mr. JOSIAH HOLMES, of East Liberty, and Miss SALLIE A. WILTON, eldest daughter of William Wilton, Esq., of Hayesville, Pa.

RETTER-FRENCH—On Thursday, June 27th, at the residence of the bride, by the Rev. P. V. Finch, CARL RETTER and LUCIE, daughter of Aaron French, all of Pittsburgh.

ELLIS—McGAHAN—May 11th, at the residence of Mrs. Jane Colline, by the Rev. E. R. Jones, Mr. ELLIS and Miss ANNIE M. MCGAHAN, both of Allegheny city.

DIED.

McCREIGHT—On Thursday evening, June 27th, at 8½ o'clock, JAMES McCREIGHT.

Funeral from the residence of his mother, Meyran avenue, near Thirty-third street, TO-DAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are invited to attend. Carriages will leave Mr. Meyer & Son's, No. 417 Penn street, at 2½ o'clock.

McCABE—On Friday evening, at 3 o'clock, of rheumatism of the heart, Miss ANNIE MCCABE.

Notice of funeral in afternoon papers.

FAIRMAN, TAGGART & CO., UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLE, No. 280 Penn avenue, supplied themselves with a fine lot of buggies, barouches, carriages and road wagons for pleasure driving, which are on exhibition and for sale at every vehicle warerooms—at their warerooms, Nos. 167, 169 and 171 Penn street.

CHARLES, PEBBLES & McGUIRE, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, cor. of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVE., N. S., Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $8 to $100. Also, Metallic Burial Cases. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds. Shrouds, Trimmings, Robes, &c., and a full assortment of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agents for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America,
ASSETS, $3,213,175.99.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.
mh4-MWF

Plants, Plants, Plants.
We offer a large stock of
Verbenas, Roses, Geraniums, Fuschias,
And other choice bedding plants, wholesale and retail.
EXCELSIOR LAWN MOWERS, FLOWERS and VEGETABLE SEEDS, &c., &c.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 SMITHFIELD STREET.
ap12

Seeds, Plants, Flowers, Etc.
Our Catalogue of Vegetable and Flour Seeds, our Catalogue of Small Fruit and Price List, for Spring, 1872, and our Catalogue of Ornamental, Flowering and Bedding Plants now ready, and can be had on application. Bouquets, Cut Flowers, Baskets and Floral Ornaments, executed in the finest style at short notice.
E. CUMMING & CO.,
(Successors to J. KNOX.)
92 SMITHFIELD STREET
ap4

Tate, Munden & Tate,
PRACTICAL PLUMBERS, GAS and STEAM FITTERS, 333 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa., and 25 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny City, Pa.
TTHS

MILLER & CO.'S
(BOSTON) CELEBRATED
PIANOS,
first quality. They are unexcelled in tone, elegant in finish, incomparable in durability and simplicity of construction.
SOLE AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH AND VICINITY.
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
136 Smithfield Street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Music Books, Italian Strings, etc.
je27:172

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Breech-loading Shot Guns, $45 to $300.
Double Barrel Shot Guns, $8 to $120.
Single Shot Guns, $2 to $25. Revolvers, $6 to $25. Pistols, 75 cents to $5. Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Flasks, Pouches, Gun Material and Sporting Goods, at very low prices. Guns and Pistols Repaired. Call and see our stock, or send stamp for our Illustrated Price List. All orders by mail promptly attended to, and goods sent to any point by Express.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
Sign of the Big Gun,
No. 179 Smithfield Street.
jel8:122-MWS

MINERAL WATERS.
SARATOGA STAR.
SARATOGA "A."
CONGRESS, HIGH ROCK and KISSINGEN WATERS.
VICHY (Grande Grille).
KISSINGEN.
CITRATE MAGNESIA.
EFFERVESCING POWDERS.
BICARBONATE POTASH.
BROMIDE POTASH.
AND OTHER SALTS.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
Smithfield Street and Fourth Ave.

FENCE BUILDING
Of all kinds constructed with neatness and dispatch. Call on or address the undersigned at 74 Forbes street, one square south of the Oakland Passenger R. W. Track, of Chestnut street.
M. F. KIMBALL.

PLASTERERS' MATERIALS—
Fresh arrivals of Cleveland White Lime,
" " Eastern White Lime,
" " Calcined Plaster,
" " Hydraulic Cement.
All best brands and for sale by
J. B. CAR[illegible]
166 W.

PRICES - REDUCED,

THE Mowry Homestead LOTS.

Great Inducements Offered!

The owners of this beautiful property have decided, in view of the past great sales, to reduce the price of the Lots, and by so doing to place them within the reach of all. It is useless for us to say that these Lots are the best now offered for sale within the city limits, for it has become an established and well-known fact. This property fronts immediately on the line of the Citizens Passenger Railway, while scarcely 50 yards away runs the A. V. R. R. All the Avenues are 50 feet wide, and many of the Lots contain the Finest Moulding Sand to the depth of 12 and 14 feet. We would recommend every man or woman who can command a little money to buy one or two of the beautiful Lots, and we predict that before three years they will be worth at least double what we are willing to take for them. Call on us, and we will show you all over the grounds.

SILL & SON,

Cor. Butler and 42d Streets.

SHERIFF'S SALES.

Abstract of Property to be Sold by Hugh S. Fleming, Esq., Sheriff, on Monday, July 22, 1872, at 10 O'clock A. M., at the Court House, City of Pittsburgh.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.

Fifty dollars of the price or sum at which the property shall be struck of shall be paid to the Sheriff at the time of the sale, or by Friday, July 26, 1872, at ten o'clock A. M., unless the purchase money shall be less than that sum, in which case only the purchase money shall be paid; otherwise the property will again, on Friday, July 26, 1872, at ten o'clock A. M., at the same place, be put up and sold at the expense and risk of the person to whom it was struck off, who, in the case of any deficiency in such resale, shall make good the same. In case of the sale being for a very large amount, will demand that ten per cent. of the purchase money be paid in addition to the fifty dollars.

N. B.—For the benefit of our unprofessional readers who do not understand the meaning of the letters and figures following the defendant's name we make the following

EXPLANATION.

D. C., District Court, indicates the Court of which the writ of execution issues under which the sale is made; V. E., or Vend Ex., Venditioni Exponas; Lev. Fa., or L. F., Levari Facias; Fi. Fa., or F. F., Fieri Facias, show the kind of writ. A Levari Facias is the writ or sale upon a mortgage, mechanic lien or a municipal lien; Venditioni, or Fieri Facias, upon a judgment debt, or for ground rent; 24, J. 72 means No 24, July Term, 1872, the number and term of the docket entry; the following figures show the amount of the debt, and the name following is that of the attorney issuing the writ.

ANN M'CORMICK.

D. C., V. E., 24, J. 72. $280.90. HAYMAKER.

Lots 85 and 86 in Wm. L. Miller's plan, situate in Port Perry, fronting 26 feet 10½ in. each on Pennsylvania avenue, and running back about 100 feet. See Deed Book, Vol. 166, page 231.

THOMAS THOMPSON AND ANN THOMPSON, HIS WIFE.

D. C., L. F., 30, J. 72. $585.00. MONTOOTH & BRO.

Lot of ground situate in village of Noblestown, North Fayette township, beginning on corner of the street and Township Road; thence S. 38 feet; thence E. 41½ feet; thence S. 9 feet; thence E. 48 feet; thence N. 42 feet; thence W. 100 feet to place of beginning, being same conveyed to Ann Thompson by deed from Peter Creahen, dated April 3, 1867.

JOHN MILLER.

D. C., L. F., 37, J. 72. $147.50. BARTON.

Two-story frame dwelling house and lot, No. 98 in plan called Hoboken (see Plan Book, vol. 3, p. 249) situate in Indiana township, having a front of 20 feet on Eighth street and a depth of 165 feet.

WM. HANNER AND CATHERINE, HIS WIFE.

D. C., L. F., 59, J. 72. $2,489.75. JNO. MELLOR.

A two story frame dwelling house with a one and one-half story back building and lot of ground, situate in borough of Sewickley, Pa., fronting on Manor street 20 feet 11 inches, and in depth S. 20 deg. 10 min. W., preserving the same width 130 feet more or less to an alley. See Deed Book, vol. 166, p. 102.

JOHN SIER.

D. C., L. F., 60, J. 72. $1,432.11. C. F. MCKENNA.

A two story frame dwelling house and lot, No. 66, in Wilhelm & Seibert's plan of lots, situate in 17th Ward, Pittsburgh, (see Plan Book, vol. 3, page 162,) fronting on 42nd street, 54 feet on the west, 87½ feet to an alley; 15 feet wide, and on the east 102 feet 9½ inches to an alley, 15 feet wide and running back to a point. (See Deed Book, vol. 215, page 501.)

JOHN BURCHFIELD.

D. C., F. F., 74, J. 72. $530.00. STOTLER.

A two story brick dwelling and lots Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, in Messick's plan, recorded in Plan Book 3, page 219, situate in 20th ward, Pittsburgh, beginning at the intersection of Shakspeare street and Shady lane, S. 10 deg. W. 116 ft. 1½ inch; thence [illegible] degrees to Shady lane W [illegible] feet; thence [illegible] fe